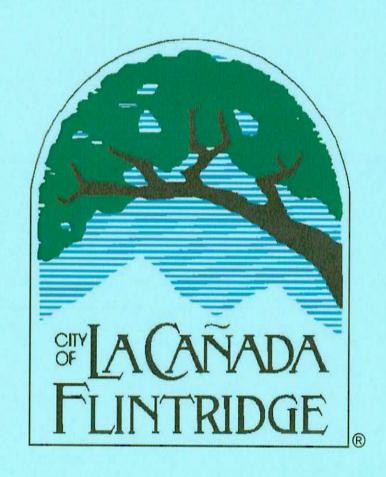


# CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE, CALIFORINA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018



Prepared by the City of La Cañada Flintridge Finance Department

Mark R. Alexander, City Manager

#### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

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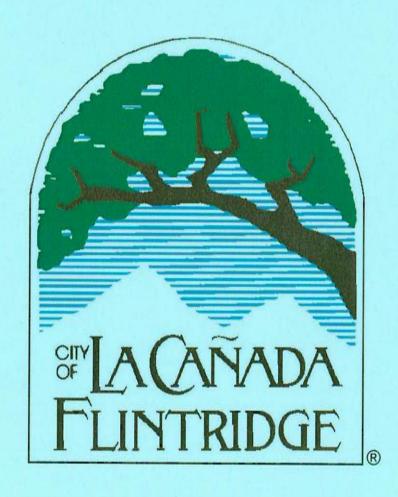
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# **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**





Michael T. Davitt, Mayor Terry Walker, Mayor Pro Tem Gregory C. Brown Jonathan C. Curtis Leonard Pieroni

January 29, 2019

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and Citizens of the City of La Cañada Flintridge, California:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of La Cañada Flintridge, California, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 is submitted herewith. This report was prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as set forth in pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of La Cañada Flintridge. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's internal control framework is designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. We assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and reliable in all material respects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's activities have been included.

Moss, Levy & Hartzheim LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited the City's basic financial statements. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Moss, Levy & Hartzheim LLP concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of La Cañada Flintridge's financial statements, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A). This letter is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of La Cañada Flintridge's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

The financial reporting entity (the City) includes all funds of the City of La Cañada Flintridge, as well as all of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is

financially accountable. As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

#### Profile of the City of La Cañada Flintridge

The City of La Cañada Flintridge was incorporated on November 30, 1976 as a "General Law" city with a Council-Manager form of government. A five-member City Council is elected at-large to serve staggered four-year terms. In March of each year, the City Council selects one of its members to serve as Mayor, and one to serve as Mayor Pro Tem. The City Council is responsible for, among other things, establishing the City's policies and priorities, passing ordinances, and adopting the budget, as well as appointing the City Manager, City Treasurer, City Attorney, and the members of City commissions and committees. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council and for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City.

The City provides a full range of services including land use and zoning review; the construction and maintenance of streets, parks, and other infrastructure; recreational activities and cultural events; oversees contractual services provided by Los Angeles County or other private vendors including law enforcement, fire protection, animal control, road maintenance, traffic signal maintenance, legal services, building and safety inspection, recreation programs, human services, parks and landscape maintenance.

The annual budget serves as the foundation of the City of La Cañada Flintridge's financial planning and control. All departments and contractors submit requests for appropriations to the City Manager. These requests, in conjunction with revenue trend analysis, are the starting point for developing a preliminary budget, which is presented to the City Council for consideration and review. Budget hearings are held and the City Council adopts the final fiscal year budget effective July 1. Budget appropriations are prepared by fund, department, and program. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund type. In addition, the City maintains extensive budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the budget approved by the City Council. The City Council approves operating appropriations at the department and fund level and may amend or supplement the budget during the fiscal year by motion; the City Manager may make minor administrative adjustments. The level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriated amounts) is at the fund level. Operating appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year unless they are encumbered at year-end or are re-appropriated through the formal budget process.

The voters of California, during a special election in 1979, approved Article XIII-B of the California State Constitution. Informally known as the "Gann Initiative," Article XIII-B provides limits regarding the total amount of appropriations in any fiscal year from the "proceeds of taxes."

The State Legislature, in 1980, added Section 9710 to the Government Code providing that the governing body of each local jurisdiction must establish, by resolution, an appropriations limit for the following year. The appropriations limit for any fiscal year is equal to the previous year's limit, adjusted for city or county population changes, whichever is greater, and the change in California per capita income or the growth in non-residential assessed valuation due to new construction within the City, whichever is greater.

The Appropriations Limit and the City's Appropriations Subject to the Limit for FY 2017-18 amounted to \$20,389,073 and \$10,430,400 respectively. The City's appropriations consistently remain far below the appropriations limit and are not expected to approach it in the near future.

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

Information presented is perhaps best understood when considered from the broader perspective of the environment within which the City of La Cañada Flintridge operates.

#### Local economy

The City is located in the northern portion of the Los Angeles County basin, nestled against the foothills of the San Gabriel Mountains, approximately 13 miles north of downtown Los Angeles. The City encompasses 8.5 square miles. Neighboring cities include Glendale, Pasadena, and the unincorporated communities of La Crescenta and Altadena. In addition, the northern City boundary borders the Angeles National Forest.

The City prides itself on being a semi-rural community with tree-lined streets, custom residential estate development, abundant streams, waterways, and undeveloped hillside properties acquired by the City to remain as permanent open-space dedicated as recreational trails and wildlife nature preserves.

The State of California estimated the City's population to be 20,638 as of 2017, a slight increase of under one percent from the previous year. Per capita personal income in 2017 was \$74,018, an increase of nearly 2.9 percent from 2016. The median age of La Cañada Flintridge residents in 2017 was 44.4 as compared to 44.7 in 2016.

The City has approximately 7,050 housing units. The median sales price of a single-family residential home in 2017 was \$1,650,000, an increase of 6.1% over the median sales price of \$1,550,000 in 2016.

The local economy remains stable despite the uncertain regional and statewide economic climate. The unemployment rate among the City's residents was estimated at 2.7% in 2016, lower than the 2015 figure of 3.5%. Major employers located in the City's largely residential community include: NASA's Jet Propulsion Laboratory, the La Cañada Unified School District, La Cañada Flintridge Country Club, Ross Stores, Inc., Trader Joe's, and Gelson's. The City's largest private employers are Ralph's Grocery Company and Ross Dress for Less clothing store.

Property tax, local retail sales tax, and development-related fees continue to be among the City's major revenue sources. The economic outlook for the community is one of cautious optimism given the uncertainty of California's economy and the real estate market. While the City is somewhat dependent on a strong economy and stable fiscal situation at the State level, it has avoided an over-dependence on State or Federal subventions. This, combined with the City's history of maintaining strong reserves and a conservative approach toward spending, has provided a measure of stability in the City's fiscal environment.

#### Long-term financial planning

During FY 2017-18, the City prepared a five-year General Fund financial projection as a planning tool to assist in guiding the annual budget process. In addition, the City adopted a Five-Year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) to serve as a primary long-term financial planning tool to assist in guiding future capital investments in roads, parks, trails, and other capital assets and infrastructure. Specific projects included within the CIP, which spans the timeframe from FY 2017-18 to FY 2021-22, include the annual Citywide Street Resurfacing Program, the Foothill "Link" (which includes a bikeway and wall landscaping) project, the Knight Way-Gould project to improve intersection safety near a local school, miscellaneous bridge repairs, repair of the Owl Trail, Cherry Canyon trails upgrades and improvements, and the construction of sound walls along the Route 210 Freeway.

#### Cash and investment management policies and practices

In accordance with State Government Code and the City's Investment Policy, which is adopted annually by the City Council, the City Treasurer is responsible for investing available cash. The cash management system of the City is designed to invest public funds in a manner that provides an optimal combination of security and investment return while meeting the City's daily cash flow demands. The criteria for selecting investments are, in order of priority: (a) safety (b) liquidity and (c) yield. The City Treasurer presents a monthly report of investments to the City Council. All interest income is apportioned to the City's individual funds on a pro rata basis. The yield on the entire investment portfolio for the year was 1.60%.

Idle cash during the year is invested in two investment pools: (1) the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) pool, administered by the State Treasurer; and (2) the California Asset Management Program (CAMP), which is a California Joint Powers Authority that provides investment services to California public agencies. The average yield for the year in LAIF was 1.38%; in CAMP, the average yield was 1.46%.

The City's longer-term investments include securities; specifically, corporate notes, obligations of agencies of the U.S. Government, and obligations of U.S. Government sponsored enterprises. These investments are laddered with maturities up to five years. For the year, the yield on the City's securities holdings was 1.65%.

Investment returns, as measured in the financial statements, include changes in the fair market value of the City's securities. Increases and decreases in the fair market value of investments do not necessarily represent trends that will continue. While the City of La Cañada Flintridge intends to hold these investments to maturity, the sale of individual securities prior to maturity, for purposes of portfolio optimization, may be appropriate from time-to-time.

#### Risk management

The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (CJPIA). The CJPIA is a consortium of approximately 117 cities and other public agencies throughout California established under the provisions of California Government Code Section 6500. The CJPIA provides risk coverage for its members through self-insurance, the pooling of risks, and purchase of excess insurance. This coverage extends to workers compensation, property, general liability, errors and omissions and vehicle liability. The CJPIA is governed by a Board consisting of one representative appointed by each member agency. The Board elects officers that meet monthly to supervise and conduct affairs. The Board maintains a staff, headed by a general manager, to implement the policies of the Board. The City continues to participate in the voluntary CJPIA Risk Management Evaluation program, ADA Transition Plan Implementation, reviewing all facilities and operational policies for safety and compliance with applicable laws.

#### Major initiatives, current year projects

#### Planning & Development

The number of discretionary Planning cases reviewed reached 242 cases during FY 2017-18. The commercial vacancy rate, including retail and office units, increased from July 2017 to June 2018. The adjusted commercial vacancy rate for July 2017 was at 2.8% which increased to 4.6% as of June 2018, still a low vacancy rate. Target opened a new retail store in the Town Center in the Fall of 2018.

The City continued its efforts to enhance customer service. During FY 2017-18, this included the configuration of a new permit tracking system to be fully implemented in FY 2018-19. This system will streamline plan

review, permit issuance and will allow applicants to pay online via credit card, an added convenience for the customer.

The City continued its "Mills Act" program for residents interested in preserving their historic residences. The Mills Act reduces the amount of property taxes collected on contracted properties in return for preserving the properties in accordance with state and federal regulations. Houses are considered on an individual basis and must meet standards established by the Federal Government. Two houses were approved for contracts during FY 2017-18. In 2015, the City Council increased the limit for foregone taxes from \$10,000 to \$20,000, and, in so doing, increased potential program participation.

The City's Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program continued during the year. The City has two program areas: residential rehabilitation and sewer connection subsidies. Both programs provide grants to lower income households of up to \$15,000 and \$12,000, respectively. During the 2017-18 fiscal year, the program was able to help three households with rehabilitation and two households with sewer connections. In total, close to \$70,000 was spent locally on the program.

The department has worked closely with a consultant in the drafting of the Zoning Code update. Staff participates in semi-monthly meetings with the consultant and City Attorney's office as they refine the draft document. Staff anticipates that the update will be complete in 2019. In addition, staff worked with educational and other community stakeholders in their efforts to expand the campuses of Flintridge Sacred Heart Academy (FSHA), Flintridge Preparatory School, as well as the YMCA.

#### Infrastructure Improvements/Public Works

The City's Public Works Department was very active during the fiscal year in carrying out its responsibilities for the maintenance, planning, design, and construction of capital projects. Among the notable construction projects completed during FY 2017-18 were the Owl Trail Repairs and Miscellaneous Bridge Repairs, with substantial work also completed on the Knight Way and Gould Avenue Improvements. Additionally, the City completed the resurfacing of 2.38 miles of streets, citywide concrete sidewalk and curb/gutter repairs, and additional ADA ramps.

In 2017 the City purchased an existing office building to become the new City Hall and agreed to the sale of the existing (old) City Hall building. Rehabilitation of the new facility is underway with a target move-in date of February 2019.

#### Public Safety

The City Council continued to emphasize public safety services as a major priority. Through contract services with the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department, the City maintained its safe and low-crime environment through sustained levels of service delivery as well as increased burglary suppression patrols. In addition, the City has continued to work with both the County of Los Angeles Fire Department and Sheriff's Department to maintain residential and commercial evacuation plans and notification of brush and vegetation clearance requirements. In addition, the City hosted a "State of the Stations" workshop to increase communication with residents and continued to emphasize its disaster-preparedness activities by maintaining the City's mass notification system "AlertLCF." The City implemented new technology to assist the Sheriff's Department, including the deployment of an additional mobile Automated License Plate Reader in a patrol car, and a partnership with Ring.com to provide residential home security devices at a reduced cost. The City also created two Public Service Announcement videos showing how to assemble an emergency kit and on burglary prevention tips. These PSAs are being broadcast on the City's cable channel and are available on the City's website. Finally, the City continues to recruit and train individuals for the City's Volunteer Emergency Response Team (VERT). Looking ahead to FY 2018-19, the City will continue to partner with the Fire

Department to train additional volunteers. The City will continue the Ring.com program and expand its reach to commercial properties within the City.

#### **Transportation**

During FY 2017-18, the City continued to work closely with the cities of Burbank, Glendale, Pasadena, and South Pasadena through the five-member Arroyo Verdugo Subregion, primarily on transportation issues. Three of those cities (Burbank, Glendale and La Cañada Flintridge), along with the unincorporated area of the County (La Crescenta-Montrose) share the Metro "Arroyo Verdugo Cities" Subregional Measure R Highway Operational Improvement Funds on a per capita basis.

The City of La Cañada Flintridge has spent, and will continue to spend, its allocation of Measure R funds on the design and construction of sound walls along the I-210 freeway. The City's initial five-year allocation of these funds was \$4.588 million, which was fully committed to the design and construction of sound walls. Construction began in FY 2013-14 and was completed in October 2014. During FY 2014-15, the City requested that the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority (Metro) also allocate additional, accelerated Measure R funds so that the City could continue the sound wall project. An additional \$1.8 million was programmed by Metro for this project. The City and Metro entered into a formal funding agreement for these funds in April 2016. Construction is expected to be completed by 2021.

In addition, members of the City Council and City staff continued to attend many regional transportation meetings regarding the proposed extension of the SR-710 Freeway. The City Council, in Resolution 10-12, opposed this extension. The Draft Environmental Impact Report (DEIR/DEIS) for the proposed SR-710 Freeway extension project was released by Metro and Caltrans in February 2015.

The City continued to operate fixed route transit shuttle services under contract with the City of Glendale. The City extended its contractual arrangement for Dial-A-Ride service for seniors and the disabled. The "Summer Beach Bus," a recreational transit program with daily trips to the Santa Monica Pier, has significantly grown in popularity. The City continued to operate the "LCF Express Shuttle (Route 33)" and its fixed-route line "Routes 33/34", which has allowed for better service during peak usage times. The Route 34 schedule was aligned with the hours for both JPL and La Cañada High School during arrival, departure times, and the lunch hour. The increased service during the lunch hour allows shuttle users easier access to the shops and restaurants along Foothill Blvd. The City was able to continue to offer an elevated level of service with a new 35-foot CNG Shuttle Bus received at the start of the 2016-17 fiscal year. Additionally, the City updated its shuttle stop signage with a new look, including stop number, which is compatible with bus tracking apps. The new signs were installed in the downtown area of Foothill Blvd. Looking forward to FY 2018-19, the City will work on expanding transit options within the City, including potential services in the Town Center, home of the new City Hall.

The City continued operation of its first electric vehicle charging station at the City's Park and Ride Lot. The station is dual-port and allows for two vehicles to charge at the same time. The City was able to use AQMD funding for the purchase and installation of the unit. Additional charging stations are planned at various locations in the future.

#### Recreation and Open Space

The City continued its efforts to enhance recreational opportunities for the residents and families of the community. La Cañada Flintridge is attractive to families seeking to take advantage of the excellent public school system and safe neighborhoods. In order to accommodate the demand from families for recreational facilities and sports play fields, the City Council has actively pursued the acquisition of open space and the identification of potential sites for parks, sports play fields, and trails.

With the focus on providing improved recreational facilities, the City continued to maintain and/or improve the LCHS Tennis Courts, FIS Tennis Courts, and City Skate Park. The City's remotely operated "CalSense System" was upgraded into a cloud based module. With this module, staff is able to control field lights and irrigation remotely using any internet enabled device. This allows the City to be more responsive to the scheduling needs of users while being better able to manage the fields' usage during down times.

With respect to trails, the City continued to improve and maintain the trail system for recreational use. Further, the City laid the groundwork for the physical repair of several trail segments, including segments on the Owl Trail and the Cerro Negro trail, to address structural issues arising from recent erosion.

#### Lanterman Auditorium

The City continued to manage the Lanterman Auditorium through a Joint Use Agreement with the La Cañada Unified School District. The Lanterman Auditorium has been a successful joint use venture providing local community groups with the opportunity to utilize this significant, school district-owned community resource under the City's management and operation. The City continued its efforts to renovate the Auditorium in order to improve the overall experience for users. Use of the facility has expanded greatly. During FY 2017-18, the City completed the multi-year project of the installation of an LED lighting system, which has allowed for their remote control by staff. The newly automated lighting greatly enhances the stage effects available for productions held in the Auditorium while reducing staff costs to users by automating the process. In addition, the City began to make accessibility improvements, with the replacement of one set of entry doors with an ADA compliant set of doors.

#### Youth Council

In FY 2017-18, the City continued with the format of a nine-member City Youth Council. With the expanded Youth Council, each of the four high schools within the City appoint one member to the group, while the other five seats remain at-large appointed by the City Council. The Youth Council was involved in helping with the Mayor's Hike at Cherry Canyon, assisted the Trails Council by researching native animals and plant species to place information at each trail marker, hosted a financial literacy workshop for high school students and their families with Chase Bank of La Cañada, and partnered with La Cañada Gracie Barra to host a self-defense class. In addition, the Youth Council created a guide for future events to integrate anti-bullying efforts. The Youth Council kicked off this project with a 5K charity run to raise awareness for LGBTQ youth. The Youth Council finalized the Youth Master Plan to help future members better understand their roles and included an event guide to share best practices for successful events.

#### Other Information

Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellent in Financial Reporting to the City of La Cañada Flintridge for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the dedicated services of the entire City staff. I would like to express my appreciation to all employees who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report, particularly to the members of the Finance Department. Due credit should also be given to the Mayor and members of the City Council for their support and direction to staff in the planning and conducting of the operations of the City to ensure that services and programs continue to be provided to residents in a manner that is responsive, efficient, and in the best interests of the citizens of La Cañada Flintridge.

Respectfully submitted,

Mark Dayander

Mark R. Alexander

City Manager

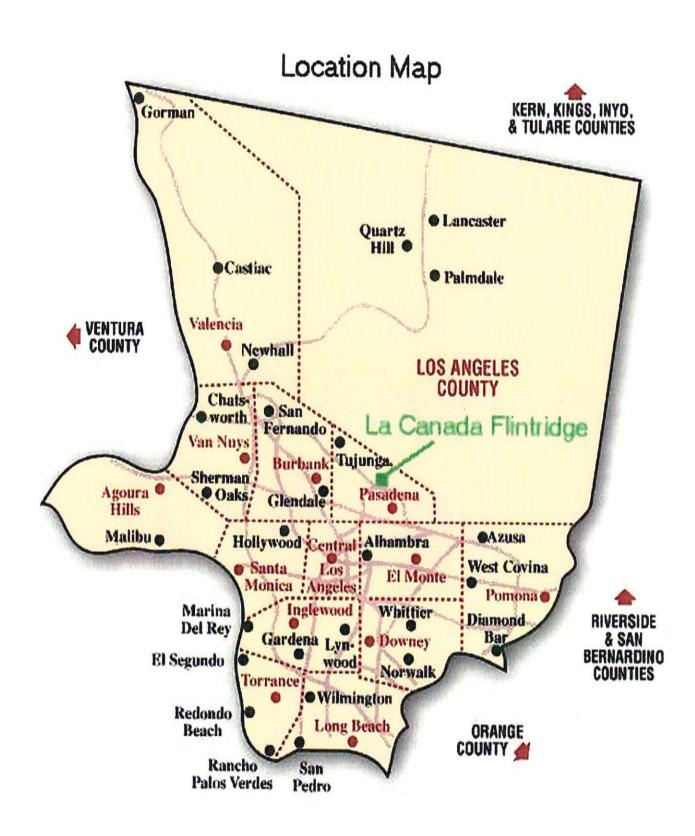
#### DIRECTORY OF CITY OFFICIALS

#### CITY COUNCIL

Terry Walker, Mayor
Leonard Pieroni, Mayor Pro Tem
Gregory C. Brown, Councilmember
Jonathan C. Curtis, Councilmember
Michael T. Davitt, Councilmember

#### **CITY MANAGEMENT STAFF**

Mark R. Alexander, City Manager
Adrian Guerra, City Attorney
Jeffrey Wang, City Treasurer
Rebekka G. Hosken, Director of Finance
Carl Alameda, Director of Administrative Services
Patrick DeChellis, Director of Public Works
Susan Koleda, Director of Community Development





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of La Canada Flintridge California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

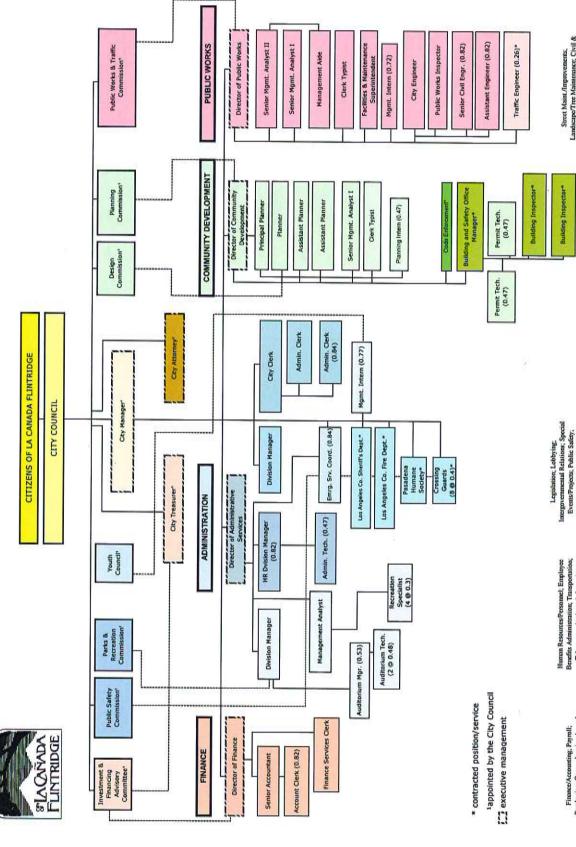
June 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

# "LACANADA" FLINTRIDGE

# ORGANIZATION CHART



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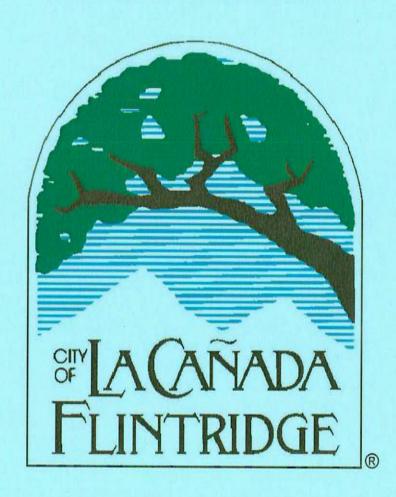
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Street Maint Jimprovements, Landscape/Tree Maintenance, Civil & Traffic Engineering, Street/Traffic

Building Inspector

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## **FINANCIAL SECTION**



PARTNERS
RONALD A LEVY, CPA
CRAIG A HARTZHEIM, CPA
HADLEY Y HUI, CPA
ALEXANDER C HOM, CPA
ADAM V GUISE, CPA
TRAVIS J HOLE, CPA

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTING & TAX SERVICES 433 N. CAMDEN DR. SUITE 730 BEVERLY HILLS, CA 90210 TEL: 310.273.2745 FAX: 310.670.1689 www.mlhcpas.com

GOVERNMENTAL AUDIT SERVICES 5800 E. HANNUM, SUITE E CULVER CITY, CA 90230 TEL: 310.670.2745 FAX: 310.670.1689 www.mlhcpas.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of La Cañada Flintridge La Cañada Flintridge, California

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of La Cañada Flintridge, California (City), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2017, the City adopted provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of pension contributions, schedule of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios, and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 13 and 55 through 58 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, major capital projects and debt service fund budgetary comparison schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and major capital projects and debt service fund budgetary comparison schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules, and major capital projects and debt service fund budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 29, 2019, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mores, Kery V shatshin

Moss, Levy & Hartzheim, LLP Culver City, California January 29, 2019



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#### Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

As management, we offer this overview and analysis of the City of La Cañada Flintridge's (City) financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Please consider the narrative presented here in conjunction with information furnished in our letter of transmittal as well as the accompanying basic financial statements.

#### Financial Highlights

The City's assets and deferred outflow of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflow of resources by \$81,720,366 (net position) at the close of this fiscal year. Of this amount, \$57,934,638 (70.9%) is net invested in capital assets, \$16,925,230 (20.7%) is restricted for projects and programs, with \$6,860,498 (8.3%) being unrestricted (unrestricted net position), which is available and may be used to meet ongoing obligations.

- The City's total net position increased by \$21,439 (<1%); this resulted from positive operating results, which consisted of a combination of a \$1,350,565 (1.1%) increase in assets and deferred outflows, and an increase of \$1,329,126 (3.3%) in liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position would have seen a greater increase but was negatively impacted by the GASB 75 accounting disclosure, which increased the City's OPEB liability by over \$2.9 million.
- For the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$30,942,880, an increase of \$2,034,621 (7.0%) over the previous fiscal year.
- The General Fund balance at the end of the fiscal year is \$13,920,795, an increase of \$852,759 (6.5%) over the previous fiscal year. The unassigned portion of that fund balance is \$5,845,399, which is 42% of total fund balance and 38.1% of FY 2017-18 General Fund expenditures. Of the remaining fund balance, \$1,274,852 (9.2%) is nonspendable, \$5,580,000 (40%) is committed to the purchase of a new city hall, and \$1,220,544 (8.8%) is assigned.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements: the *statement of net position* and the *statement of activities*; 2) individual fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. In addition, this report also contains Required and Other Supplementary Information.

Government-wide Financial Statements. These statements include only the City itself (known as the primary government) that are presented using the accrual basis of accounting, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The City has one component unit; however, this entity did not have any activity during the current fiscal year.

The statement of net position presents all assets and liabilities of the City, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, changes in net position may serve as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. However, other factors will need to be considered (e.g., changes in revenue base and the condition of infrastructure) in order to assess the City's overall financial health.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items

that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The statement of activities presents the City functions that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (government activities). The City does not engage in other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The City's governmental activities include general government, community development, public safety, and public works. Public works includes highways and streets as well as parks and facilities maintenance.

**Fund Financial Statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts used to account for resources, which are segregated for specific activities. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. The City uses only governmental funds.

Governmental funds. These funds are used to account for, essentially, the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare information for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to assist in the comparison between *governmental funds* and *government-wide statements*. The basic financial statements and related notes can be found on pages 15-53 of this report.

The City maintains twenty-three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances (deficits) for the General Fund, Sewer Debt Service Fund for AD02-1, Sewer Debt Service Fund for AD04-1, City Capital Projects Fund, and the Sewer Improvement Capital Projects Fund for AD02-1, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other eighteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining and individual fund statements and schedules* elsewhere in this report. The combining statements and schedules are on pages 67-77.

Reconciliation of the differences between the *government-wide statements* and the information presented for *governmental funds* is provided, which describes the relationship between the two presentations. See pages 19 and 23 for detail.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and all other major funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget. See pages 58 and 61-63 for detail.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 25-53 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of pension contributions, schedule of funding progress for OPEB and budgetary comparison schedule for its General Fund. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 55-59 of this report.

Other supplementary information concerning budgetary comparisons of the City's debt service and capital projects funds, as well as a description of nonmajor governmental funds, can be found on pages 61-65.

The combining statements and schedules referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds is presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 67-96 of this report.

#### Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2018, the City's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$81,720,366. Note: All 2017 amounts are before the restatement of OPEB liabilities per GASB 75.

Table 1 NET POSITION

			Increase/	Percentage
	2018	2017*	(Decrease)	Change (%)
Current and Other Assets	\$ 36,048,746	\$ 33,797,639	\$ 2,251,107	6.7%
Noncurrent Assets	85,029,449	86,211,270	(1,181,821)	-1.4%
Total Assets	121,078,195	120,008,909	1,069,286	0.9%
Deferred Outflows	1,186,995	905,716	281,279	31.1%
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding	26,596,506	31,079,584	(4,483,078)	-14.4%
Other Liabilities	13,614,036	7,862,957	5,751,079	73.1%
Total Liabilities	40,210,542	38,942,541	1,268,001	3.3%
Deferred Inflows	334,282	273,157	61,125	22.4%
Net Position:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	57,934,638	56,486,096	1,448,542	2.6%
Restricted	16,925,230	16,433,593	491,637	3.0%
Unrestricted	6,860,498	8,779,238	(1,918,740)	-21.9%
Total Net Position	\$ 81,720,366	\$ 81,698,927	\$ 21,439	0.0%

<sup>\*</sup>Prior to restatement of OPEB liabilities per GASB 75.

As shown in Table 1, net position from governmental activities increased by \$21,439 (<1%). Total Assets increased by \$1,069,286 (0.9%) due to the addition of several completed capital projects and renovation costs associated with the new city hall project.

Total liabilities increased \$1,268,001 (3.3%) from 2017, the result of a \$4,483,078 (14.4%) decrease in long-term liabilities, offset by a \$5,751,079 (73.1%) increase in other (i.e., current) liabilities, including pension and other post-employment benefits. In recent years long-term liabilities have been reduced by ongoing payment of the principal for three loans from the State Water Resource Control Board for Sewer Assessment Districts AD98-1, AD02-1 and AD04-1. A new \$5.5 million note toward purchase of a new city hall facility resulted in an increase in 2017; this note is due for payment in 2019.

Governmental Activities. The City's overall governmental activities, as reflected on the government-wide Statement of Activities, had positive operating results in 2018, with revenues exceeding expenses by \$2,941,966. However, a restatement to the City's other post-employment benefits liability from prior years per implementation of a new pronouncement, GASB 75, reduced the prior year net position by \$2,920,527, offsetting all but \$21,439 of this year's gains (see Note (c) on Other Post Employment Benefits on pages 48-53). Table 2 below summarizes 2018 revenues and expenses, compares these revenue and expenses to 2017, and shows the year-over-year change in net position.

Revenues in 2018 totaled \$21,818,725, an increase of \$5,771,298 (36%) over 2017. That increase is in part the result of the 2017 booking of a \$4.8 million loss on the disposal of capital assets related to the transfer of freeway sound walls to CalTrans. Revenues were higher in 2018 in several General Revenue categories, including property taxes which increased \$351,680 (7.1%), property tax in lieu which increased \$128,966 (5.5%), charges for services which increased \$396,337 (11.9%), and operating grants and contributions which increased \$84,267 (4.3%) over the previous year.

Overall expenses in 2018 totaled \$18,876,759, a decrease of \$310,186 (1.6%) from 2017. Expenses decreased in the areas of General Government, Public Works, and Interest Expense. The largest increase in expenses was in Community Development, which increased \$109,022 (14.7%) over the prior year, due primarily to an increase in costs for salaries and benefits (up 15.9% from 2017) and contributions to community groups (up 13.2% from 2017).

Table 2
CHANGE IN NET POSITION
Governmental Activities

					Increase/	Percentage				
		2018	2017		(Decrease)	Change (%)				
Program Revenues:										
Charges for Services	\$	3,715,963	\$ 3,319,626	\$	396,337	11.9%				
Operating Grants & Contributions		2,048,243	1,963,976		84,267	4.3%				
Capital Grants & Contributions		4,114,364	4,562,967		(448,603)	-9.8%				
General Revenues:										
Property Taxes		5,271,832	4,920,152		351,680	7.1%				
Property Tax In Lieu		2,494,401	2,365,435		128,966	5.5%				
Other Taxes		1,148,818	1,119,421		29,397	2.6%				
State Shared Revenues - Unrestricted										
Sales Tax		2,649,512	2,629,347		20,165	0.8%				
Motor Vehicle		10,789	9,209		1,580	17.2%				
Use of Money and Property		16,456	(83,298)		99,754	119.8%				
Other		348,347	63,005		285,342	452.9%				
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets			(4,822,413)	_	4,822,413	100.0%				
Total Revenues	\$	21,818,725	\$ 16,047,427	\$	5,771,298	36.0%				
Expenses										
General Government	\$	5,816,415	\$ 6,151,267	\$	(334,852)	-5.4%				
Public Safety		3,650,220	3,415,773		234,447	6.9%				
Community Development		848,481	739,459		109,022	14.7%				
Public Works		8,040,300	8,304,487		(264, 187)	-3.2%				
Interest Expense						521,343	575,959		(54,616)	-9.5%
Total Expenses		\$18,876,759	\$19,186,945		(\$310,186)	-1.6%				
Change in Net Position	\$	2,941,966	\$ (3,139,518)	\$	6,081,484	193.7%				
Net Position, Beginning of Fiscal Year		81,698,927	84,838,445							
Restatement		(2,920,527)	×							
Net Position, Beginning of Fiscal Year as Restated		78,778,400	84,838,445							
Net Position, End of Fiscal Year	\$	81,720,366	\$ 81,698,927							
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Figure 1 and Figure 2 below illustrate program and general revenues by source and expenses by category, respectively, for governmental activities.

Figure 1 Revenue by Source

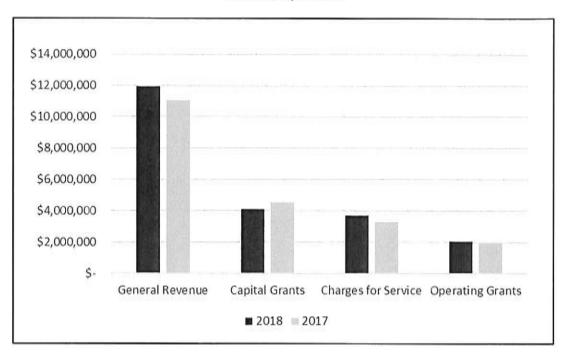
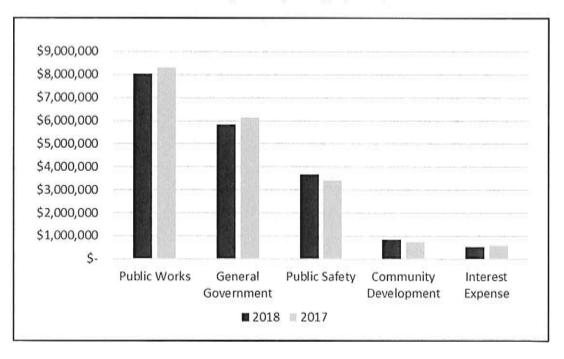


Figure 2
Expenses by Category



#### Financial Analysis of the City's Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term sources, uses, and balances of spendable resources. This information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a measure of the net resources available for spending.

At June 30, 2018, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$30,942,880, an increase of \$2,034,621 (7.0%) over the prior fiscal year. The fund balance in the General Fund, at \$13.9 million, accounted for 45.0% of the combined fund balances across all governmental funds. The fund with the next largest amount of ending fund balance was the Sewer AD04-1 Debt Service Fund of \$7.2 million, all of which is for loan repayments to the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB).

Total revenue in all governmental funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, was \$21,938,603 which is \$852,161 higher (4.0%) than the \$21,086,442 received in 2017. Increases occurred in all revenue categories except revenues From Other Agencies, which decreased by \$373,197 (13.7%) from last year due to a reduction in STAR School and capital projects-related revenues.

Expenditures across all governmental funds in 2018 totaled \$19,903,982, which is \$11,365,656 (36.3%) less than 2016 expenditures, a return to normal after unusually high expenditures last year with the purchase of the new city hall. Other increases occurred in safety (<1%), community development (8.7% increase), and public works (4.9% increase).

#### General Fund Financial and Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At June 30, 2018, the fund balance reported in the General Fund was \$13,920,795, which is \$852,759 (6.5%) greater than in 2017. The unassigned portion of that fund balance was \$5,845,399, accounting for 42.0% of total fund balance. As a measure of liquidity, it is useful to compare total and unassigned fund balance to annual General Fund expenditures. In 2018, total ending fund balance represented 109.2% of 2018 expenditures, and unassigned fund balance represented 45.9% of expenditures.

General fund revenue for the fiscal year totaled \$15,629,848, which exceeded the final revenue budget of \$14,327,075 by \$1,302,773 (9.1%). Actual revenue exceeded the budgeted amount in each revenue category with the exception of the "use of money and property" category, which came in below budget by \$394,097 (-96.3%). This was primarily the result of market fluctuations, dropping interest rates, and the City's reduction in available cash while funding construction of the new city hall project. Particularly favorable budget-to-actual results occurred with respect to Property Tax (within the "Taxes" category) and Building Permit and Plan Check (within the "Charges for services" category) revenues.

General Fund expenditures totaled \$12,746,550, which was less than the \$13,866,800 final expenditure budget by \$1,120,250 (8.1%). Moderate savings relative to budgeted expectations across nearly all categories – general government, public safety, public works, and capital outlay – accounted for these favorable budget-to-actual results. The sole exception was in the community development category, with expenses \$34,860 (5.0%) above the final budget.

#### Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2018, the City's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities totaled \$85,029,449 (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets include land and easements, buildings, equipment and vehicles, park facilities, infrastructure and sewer improvements. Overall, capital

assets decreased by \$1,026,430 (1.2%) from 2017, with a total increase in assets of \$1.1 million being offset by accumulated depreciation of \$2.2 million. The increase in assets was driven primarily by a \$992,699 increase in Construction in Progress (capital projects). Information about capital asset activity can be found on page 38. Table 3 below compares the capital asset balances in each category for this and the previous fiscal year.

Table 3 Capital Assets

Asset Type		2018	2017			Increase/ (Decrease)	Percentage Change (%)	
Land and Easements	\$	12,563,322	\$	12,563,322	\$	-	0.0%	
Buildings and Improvements		3,986,253		3,891,804		94,449	2.4%	
Equipment and Vehicles		2,244,584		2,220,690		23,894	1.1%	
Infrastructure		81,412,851		81,381,409		31,442	0.0%	
Construction in Progress		9,255,758		8,263,059		992,699	12.0%	
Total Capital Assets		109,462,768		108,320,284		1,142,484	1.1%	
Accumulated Depreciation		(24,433,319)		(22,264,405)		(2,168,914)	9.7%	
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$	85,029,449	\$	86,055,879	\$	(1,026,430)	-1.2%	

Long-term Liabilities. As Table 4 below shows, at fiscal year-end, the City's outstanding long-term liabilities (including amounts due within the next 12 months of \$8,377,320) totaled \$34,973,826, a decrease of \$1,808,937 (4.9%) from 2017. The City has continued to make debt service payments on three sewer assessment district loans to the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB), resulting in a reduction in principal. In addition, the City saw a small decrease of \$26,481 in the liability for employee leave benefits.

The City's long-term liability for pension liability increased by \$524,433 in FY18, almost entirely due to changes in CalPERS actuarial assumptions. The City's long-term liability for Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB), which for the City consist solely of obligations for current and future retiree health benefits, increased by \$168,083. More detailed information on long-term liabilities can be found on pages 39-41. Table 4 below provides a summary of the changes in the City's long-term liabilities.

Table 4 Long-Term Liabilities

	2018	2017	Increase/ (Decrease)	Percentage Change (%)
SWRCB Loan AD 98-1	\$ 835,582	\$ 1,253,373	\$ (417,791)	-33.3%
SWRCB Loan AD 02-1	5,662,111	6,396,948	(734,837)	-11.5%
SWRCB Loan AD 04-1	15,017,118	16,339,462	(1,322,344)	-8.1%
City Hall Purchase	5,580,000	5,580,000		0.0%
<b>Employee Leave Benefits</b>	323,125	349,606	(26,481)	-7.6%
OPEB*	4,284,997	4,116,914	168,083	4.1%
Net Pension Liability	3,270,893	2,746,460	524,433	19.1%
Long-Term Obligations	\$ 34,973,826	\$ 36,782,763	\$ (1,808,937)	-4.9%

<sup>\*2017</sup> figure is an adjusted rollback balance at 6/30/17 per GASB 75 guidelines.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City's fiscal year 2018-19 budget takes into account historical trends to project revenues. Expenditures were estimated based upon program and project needs. Given continuing economic uncertainty, the City has continued to budget conservatively. As of June 30, 2018, the General Fund balance was \$13,920,795, which totaled 109.2% of FY 2017-18 expenditures.

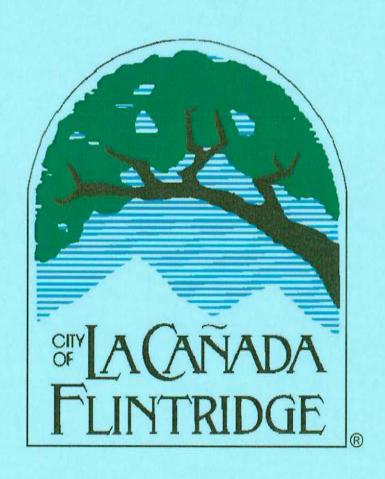
#### Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in them. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Rebekka G. Hosken, Director of Finance, City of La Cañada Flintridge, One Civic Center Drive, La Cañada Flintridge, California 91011-2137.

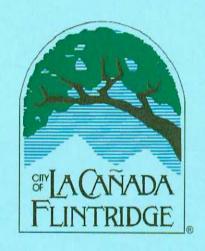


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### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**



# GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



#### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 34,525,512
Interest receivable	1,222,025
Prepaids	143,821
Loans receivable	21,421
Capital assets:	135,967
Not being depreciated	21 810 080
Being depreciated (net of accumulated depreciation)	21,819,080
Total assets	63,210,369
Total assets	121,078,195
Deferred outflow of resources:	
Deferred outflows related to pension	1,186,995
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,186,995
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,427,819
Deposits payable	2,426,893
Unearned revenue	119,124
Interest payable	262,880
Pension liability	3,270,893
Other post employment benefits liability	4,284,997
Long-term debt	
Due within one year	8,377,320
Due in more than one year	19,040,616
Total liabilities	40,210,542
Deferred inflow of resources:	
Deferred inflows related to pension	289,115
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	45,167
Total deferred inflow of resources	334,282
Net position:	
Net investment in capital assets	57,934,638
Restricted for:	
Transit	1,296,573
Air quality improvements	246,038
Sewer improvements and sanitation	1,313,565
Debt service	12,193,983
Capital projects	1,875,071
Unrestricted	6,860,498
Total net position	\$ 81,720,366

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

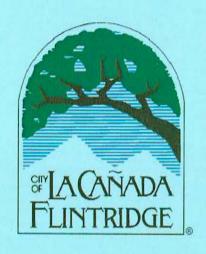
#### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE

# Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

				I	'rogi	ram Revenue	es		a	let (Expense) Revenue nd Change in Net Position		
Functions/Programs	tions/Programs		s/Programs Expenses		_	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and ontributions	÷	overnmental Activities
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Community	\$	5,816,415 3,650,220	\$	83,806 129,288	\$	140,495	\$	-	\$	(5,732,609) (3,380,437)		
development Public works Interest	_	848,481 8,040,300 521,343	1	177,698 3,325,171 -	II	1,907,748	_	4,114,364		(670,783) 1,306,983 (521,343)		
Total governmental activities	\$	18,876,759	\$	3,715,963	\$	2,048,243	\$	4,114,364	_	(8,998,189)		
		eneral revenue Taxes: Property Property tax Franchise Real proper Business op State shared r Sales tax Motor vehic	ty tra ty tra perati even	unsfer ons ues - unrestric	ted:					5,271,832 2,494,401 622,342 317,738 208,738 2,649,512 10,789 16,456		
		Other tal general rev	enue/	es						348,347 11,940,155		
	Ch	ange in net po	sitio	n						2,941,966		
	Ne	et position, beg	ginniı	ng of fiscal ye	ar as	originally sta	ted			81,698,927		
		statement								(2,920,527)		
		et position, beg et position, enc	58 30 - 50000	- 274	ar, as	s restated			\$	78,778,400 81,720,366		

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

# **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**



## Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

Assets:		General		Sewer AD04-1 Debt Service		Sewer AD02-1 Debt Service	C	City apital Projects
Cash and investments	\$	16,105,409	\$	7,161,033	\$	4,267,774	\$	1,835,360
Receivables:	Φ	10,103,409	Φ	7,101,033	D	4,207,774	Ф	1,033,300
Accounts		941,414		_		_		114,119
Interest		143,821				5		114,119
Loans receivable		135,967				5		
Due from other funds		69,898		75		-		50
Advances to other funds		1,117,464				77		70
Prepaid items		21,421		5				20
Surraner accessorae		com wellows wordens	-	17: 	-		e <del>G</del> an	TA SECULE SECULE
Total assets	\$	18,535,394	\$	7,161,033	\$	4,267,774	\$	1,949,479
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,998,870	\$	-	\$	-	\$	106,884
Deposits payable		2,426,893		-		-		· -
Due to other funds		· · · · ·				-		-
Unearned revenue		119,124				_		-
Advances from other funds		· -		·		-		-
Total liabilities	diameter.	4,544,887		-		+		106,884
Deferred inflows of resources:							8 60	
Unavailable revenues		69,712						56,614
	_		_		_			
Total deferred inflows of resources		69,712	_		_			56,614
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaids		21,421		120		2		21
Advances to other funds		1,117,464		20		20		<u></u>
Loans		135,967		<u>(2</u> )		2		2
Restricted:								
Transit		-		-		-		-
Air quality improvements		-		-		-		2
Sewer improvements		-		-		_		<u> </u>
Debt service		-		7,161,033		4,267,774		
Capital projects		-		-				1,785,981
Committed:								
Property acquisition		5,580,000		-		-		-
Assigned:								
Tree Fund		171,922		-		-		5
Potential SR-710 expenses		500,000		-		-		-
DAE		9,297		-		-		-
Other postemployment benefits		539,325		( <del>1</del>		-		-
Unassigned		5,845,399		(#)	_	=		
Total fund balances (deficits)	3	13,920,795		7,161,033	8	4,267,774	3 D	1,785,981
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	+				-			A35
resources, and fund balances	\$	18,535,394	\$	7,161,033	\$	4,267,774	\$	1,949,479
								(Continued)

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

## Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

Assets:		Sewer provement AD02-1 tal Projects		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Cash and investments	\$		\$	5,155,936	\$	34,525,512	
Receivables:			4	2,122,220	4	- ,,,	
Accounts		-		166,492		1,222,025	
Interest		-		+		143,821	
Loans receivable		-		-		135,967	
Due from other funds		=		-		69,898	
Advances to other funds		#1		75		1,117,464	
Prepaid items				-		21,421	
Total assets	\$		\$	5,322,428	\$	37,236,108	
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	_	\$	322,065	\$	2,427,819	
Deposits payable	· ···	_		522,005	Ψ	2,426,893	
Due to other funds		2		69,898		69,898	
Unearned revenue		2		05,050		119,124	
Advances from other funds		995,104		122,360		1,117,464	
Total liabilities		995,104		514,323		6,161,198	
Deferred inflows of resources:			Tr.		100		
Unavailable revenues		27		5,704		132,030	
			8		-		
Total deferred inflows of resources				5,704	-	132,030	
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Prepaids		<u> 111</u> 0		9		21,421	
Advances to other funds		-		-		1,117,464	
Loans		-		9		135,967	
Restricted:							
Transit		-		1,296,573		1,296,573	
Air quality improvements		<u>58</u>		246,038		246,038	
Sewer improvements		-		1,313,565		1,313,565	
Debt service		-		1,028,056		12,456,863	
Capital projects		-		26,772		1,812,753	
Committed:							
Property acquisition		-		891,397		6,471,397	
Assigned: Tree Fund						171 000	
		7		5		171,922	
Potential SR-710 expenses DAE		7		⊒ii		500,000 9,297	
		7		₹.			
Other postemployment benefits Unassigned		(995,104)				539,325 4,850,295	
Total fund balances (deficits)		(995,104)		4,802,401		30,942,880	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	b —						
resources, and fund balances	\$		\$	5,322,428	\$	37,236,108	

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

# Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Fund balances for governmental funds			\$	30,942,880
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.  Capital assets	\$	109,462,768		
Accumulated depreciation	<b>—</b>	(24,433,319)		85,029,449
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue cannot be recognized until it is available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. It is recorded as deferred inflow of resources. Under accrual accounting, revenue must be recognized as soon as it is earned, regardless of its availability.				
Grant reimbursements	\$	67,252		
Investment income		39,480		
Charges for services		25,298		132,030
Other post employment related debt are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities.				(4,284,997)
Interest payable and long-term liabilities, including, loans and employee leave benefits, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.				
Loans payable	\$	(27,094,811)		
Employee leave benefits		(323, 125)		
Interest payable		(262,880)		(27,680,816)
Pension related debt is not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are only reported in the Statement of Net Position as these liabilities are not due and payable in the current period.				
Net pension liability	\$	(3,270,893)		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		1,186,995		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(289,115)		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	_	(45,167)	-	(2,418,180)
Net position of governmental activities			\$	81,720,366



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## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) of Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		General		Sewer AD04-1 Debt Service	3	Sewer AD02-1 Debt Service	_C;	City apital Projects
Revenues:	-		7.00		040		-	
Taxes	\$	11,572,763	\$	(2	\$	_	\$	-
Assessments				-		-		-
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		122,881		-		-		ees for
From other agencies		35,310		-		-		258,620
Charges for services		3,529,310						
Use of money and property		15,028		120,994		79,976		5
Other revenue	_	354,556	_		_	<del>-</del> _	_	
Total revenues		15,629,848		120,994	_	79,976		258,620
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		5,348,823		-		-		*)
Public safety		3,255,969				-		-
Community development		732,910		9		-		-
Public works		3,138,309		1,350		1		2
Capital outlay		270,539		-		2		1,919,386
Debt service:								55255555
Principal retirement		S <del></del>		1,322,344		734,837		
Interest and other charges	1	-		375,808		153,526		-
Total expenditures		12,746,550		1,699,502	81128	888,363		1,919,386
Excess (deficiency)								
of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	_	2,883,298		(1,578,508)	1	(808,387)	12	(1,660,766)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		113,737		1,821,989		960,136		1,737,954
Transfers out	_	(2,144,276)	_		_			102.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	_	(2,030,539)	_	1,821,989	-	960,136		1,737,954
Net change in fund balances		852,759		243,481		151,749		77,188
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of fiscal year	-	13,068,036	_	6,917,552	_	4,116,025		1,708,793
Fund balances (deficits), end of fiscal year	\$	13,920,795	\$	7,161,033	\$	4,267,774	\$	1,785,981
								(Continued)

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) of Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Sewer provement AD02-1 tal Projects		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues:	-				-		
Taxes	\$	-2	\$	5,500	\$	11,578,263	
Assessments		-		3,571,619		3,571,619	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		2		35,313		158,194	
From other agencies		-		2,053,866		2,347,796	
Charges for services		-		99,945		3,629,255	
Use of money and property		-		82,922		298,920	
Other revenue		-				354,556	
Total revenues				5,849,165		21,938,603	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		-		-		5,348,823	
Public safety		-		186,346		3,442,315	
Community development		-		61,405		794,315	
Public works		-		1,111,423		4,251,082	
Capital outlay		2		856,645		3,046,570	
Debt service:				6304(090 <b>5</b> 4000(400)		250.60047949.577.070304.	
Principal retirement		-		417,791		2,474,972	
Interest and other charges	-			16,571		545,905	
Total expenditures		-	_	2,650,181	_	19,903,982	
Excess (deficiency)							
of revenues over							
(under) expenditures		-	_	3,198,984		2,034,621	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		-		1,948,846		6,582,662	
Transfers out			2	(4,438,386)	<u> </u>	(6,582,662)	
Total other financing							
sources (uses)	-		_	(2,489,540)	_	-	
Net change in fund balances		-		709,444		2,034,621	
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of fiscal year		(995,104)	3	4,092,957	_	28,908,259	
Fund balances (deficits), end of fiscal year	\$	(995,104)	\$	4,802,401	\$	30,942,880	

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

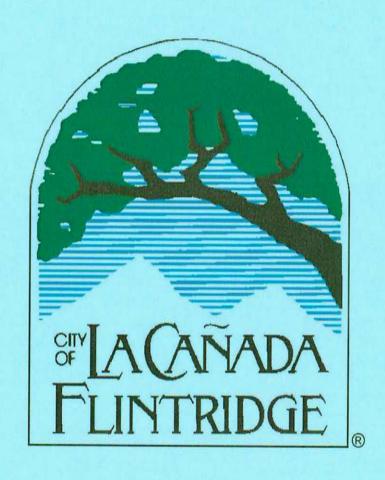
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:			\$	2,034,621
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current fiscal year is as follows:  Capital outlay	\$	3,046,570		
Depreciation expense	<u> </u>	(2,168,914)		877,656
Capital outlay expenditures that were determined to be repair and maintenance costs are not capitalized. Repairs and maintenance costs expensed totaled				(1,904,086)
Governmental funds report interest in the fiscal year it is paid; however, in the statement of activities interest is recorded in the fiscal year it is incurred.				
Prior year accrual Current year accrual	\$	287,442 (262,880)		24,562
Certain revenues in the governmental fund are deferred inflows of resources because they are not collected within the prescribed time after fiscal year-end. However the revenues are recognized on the accrual basis used in government-wide statements.  Grant reimbursements Investment income Charges for services Sales taxes	\$	(124,143) (4,782) 17,246 (8,199)	•	(119,878)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds while repayment of principal consumes current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. In addition, governmental funds report employee leave in the period taken; however, in the statement of activities, such benefits are recorded in the fiscal year incurred.  Loan principal payments  Change in employee leave benefits, net	\$	2,474,972 26,481		2,501,453
In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was:			•	(259,112)
Other post employment benefits reported in the governmental funds includes cash payments made for benefits for current retired employees. In the statement of activities, OPEB expense includes the change in the OPEB liability.				(213,250)
nacinty.				(213,230)
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$	2,941,966

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.



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## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**



#### (1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Reporting Entity

The City of La Cañada Flintridge (City) was incorporated December 8, 1976 under the general laws of the State of California and enjoys all rights and privileges pertaining to such "general law" cities. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides or contracts for the following services: public safety (police and fire), highway and streets, cultural and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The City of La Cañada Flintridge and the La Cañada Flintridge Public Improvement Corporation (Corporation) and the La Cañada Local Financing Authority (LFA) comprise the reporting entity. Although part of the City, the Corporation and LFA are legally separate entities, the City Council of La Cañada Flintridge acts as the governing body for both and has a continuing accountability for fiscal matters. Fiscal dependency was considered on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, and funding. The Corporation and LFA are, in substance, part of the City's operations and so its financial data is blended in the accompanying financial statements.

#### Blended Component Units

The La Cañada Flintridge Public Improvement Corporation was incorporated in 1991 to finance the acquisition of public facilities by issuing Certificates of Participation. The Corporation's financial data and transactions are blended in the debt service funds. There was no activity for the Corporation during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The Corporation did not issue separate financial statements.

The La Cañada Flintridge Local Financing Authority was incorporated in 2004 to finance the acquisition of public facilities by levying assessments on private property. The LFA's financial data and transactions are blended in the 2004 sewer district funds. These was no activity for the LFA during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The LFA did not issue separate financial statements.

#### (b) Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund.

<u>Sewer AD04-1 Debt Service Fund</u> – This fund is to account for the payment of interest and principal on the debt of Assessment District 04-1.

<u>Sewer AD02-1 Debt Service Fund</u> – To account for payment of interest and principal on the debt of Assessment District 02-1.

City Capital Projects Fund - This fund is to account for City capital improvements.

Sewer Improvement AD02-1 Capital Projects Fund – This fund is to account for sewer capital improvements under Assessment District 02-1.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

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<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the revenues derived from specific revenue sources, which are restricted by law or administrative regulation for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> – Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term liabilities, including principal, interest and related costs.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> – The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

#### (c) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year for which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term liabilities, claims and judgments and employee leave benefits, which are recognized as expenditures when they are due and payable.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, intergovernmental revenue, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to members, customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then use unrestricted resources as needed.

#### (d) Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity

#### Cash and Investments

All investments are stated at fair value (the value at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale).

The City pools cash and investments of all funds. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as *cash and investments*. Investment income earned by the pooled investments is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's average cash and investment balance, except for investment income associated with funds not legally required to receive pooled investment income, which has been assigned to and recorded as revenue of the General Fund, as provided by California Government Code Section 53647.

#### Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, intangible assets (e.g., easements and rights of way), buildings, improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and a useful life of more than one year. Assets are recorded at actual historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Vehicles	7 - 15 years
Equipment	5-30 years
Buildings and building improvements	10-50 years
Infrastructure	20 - 60 years

Intangible assets are not depreciated as they have indefinite useful lives.

#### 4. Employee Leave Benefits

Full-time City employees earn twelve sick days per year and, depending on length of employment, ten to twenty vacation days per year. In addition, full-time, FLSA "exempt" employees earn, depending on their classification, eight to twelve and one-half administrative leave days per year. Employees can accumulate up to a maximum of twice their normal entitlement of earned but unused vacation, up to twenty days of administrative leave, and an unlimited number of sick leave days. Upon termination, the City is obligated to compensate employees for all earned but unused vacation and administrative leave time. Employees are not compensated for sick leave earned but unused upon termination. The balance of unpaid vacation and administrative leave time at June 30, 2018 is recorded as a long-term liability. Payments for employee leave benefits are made from the General Fund.

#### 5. Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. They are deferred outflows related to the net pension obligation reported in the government-wide statement of net position. These outflows are the results of contributions made after the measurement period, which are expensed in the following year, and of adjustments to difference in proportions which are deferred and amortized over the expected average remaining service life time.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has three items, which qualifies for reporting in this category. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, the government reports unavailable revenue from grants, investment income, charges for services and sales taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. In addition, the City has deferred inflows in relation to the net pension obligation and the net OPEB obligation reported in the government-wide statements of net position. These inflows are the results of the net difference between project and actual earnings on pension plan investments, difference between actual contributions and plan's share of contributions, and adjustment due to differences in proportions. These amounts are deferred and amortized over the expected remaining service life.

#### 6. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) Plans and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported as fair value.

#### Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date

June 30, 2018

Measurement Date

June 30, 2018

Measurement Period

July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018

#### Claims and Judgments

The City records a liability for claims, judgments and litigation when it is probable that a liability has been incurred at year-end and the probable amount of loss (net of any insurance coverage) can be reasonably estimated. Claims and judgments are paid out of the General Fund.

#### Net Position and Fund Balances

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets: This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position: This component of net position represents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position: This component of net position represents the net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, prepaid amounts, and long-term notes receivable.

Restricted Fund Balance – includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes stipulated by external resources providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed Fund Balance – includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority, the City Council. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the City taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally (for example: resolution).

Assigned Fund Balance – includes amounts intended to be used by the City for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) City Council or (b) a body (a budget, finance committee, or management (City Wide Leadership team, which consists of City Manager and Executive Department Heads)) to which the assigned amounts are to be used for specific purposes. Assigned amounts also include all residual amounts in governmental funds (except negative amounts) other than the General Fund that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – all other amounts. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned. Only the General Fund shows a positive unassigned fund balance.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

#### 10. Property Taxes

Under California law, the property tax rate is limited to 1% of full cash value as defined by law plus other increases approved by the voters. Property taxes are levied by the County Tax Assessor and shared among local taxing authorities. The County of Los Angeles collects and distributes property taxes on the basis of each taxing authority's tax rate percentage.

As a "No Property Tax City," La Cañada Flintridge's city tax rate is zero. However, under state legislation (AB 1197), the City began receiving a share of property tax revenue in 1990.

Property taxes are levied during July of each fiscal year and are due on November 1 and February 1. Property taxes become delinquent after December 10 and April 10 for the first and second installments, respectively. The lien date is January 1. The City accrues as property tax revenue only those taxes which are received within 60 days after year- end in the fund financial statements.

#### 11. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, contains provisions that address accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. GASB 75 establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses/expenditures for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) provided to the employees of state and local governments.

As required by GASB 75, the City recorded a prior period adjustment for the opening OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and the previous Net OPEB liability calculated under GASB 45 as follows:

Governmental Activities Net Position - June 30, 2017, as originally stated \$81,698,927

Beginning OPEB liability under GASB #75 (4,116,914)
Net OPEB liability under GASB #45, as originally stated 1,196,387

Governmental Activities Net Position - June 30, 2017, as restated

\$ 78,778,400

#### 12. Future Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 83 "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations - The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities" – The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 87 "Leases" - The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 88 "Certain Disclosures related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements" – The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 89 "Accounting for Interest Cost incurred before the End of a Construction Period" – The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 90 "Majority Equity Interests" - The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018.

## (2) STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### (a) Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

The following funds had expenditures in excess of appropriations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018:

<u>Fund</u>	Type of <u>Fund</u>	Amount over Budget		
Major Fund				
Sewer AD04-1 Debt Service	Debt Service	\$	27	
Nonmajor Funds				
TDA	Special Revenue		6	
Proposition C Transit Tax	Special Revenue		22,092	
Community Development Block Grant	Special Revenue		3,180	
Sewer Improvement AD04-1	Capital Projects		53,453	

The City provides quarterly financial reports to all departments which highlights items nearing or over budget. Departments also have the capability to run financial reports throughout the year. Items of note are discussed over the course of the fiscal year in order to reduce the magnitude and number of budget overages each fiscal year. The City did not adopt a budget for the Sewer Improvement AD02-1 Capital Projects Fund; accordingly, such budgetary information is not included as required supplementary information.

#### (b) Deficit Fund Balance

The following fund had a deficit fund balance as of June 30, 2018:

<u>Fund</u>	Type of Fund	Deficit Amount
Major Fund:		
Sewer Improvement AD02-1	Capital Projects	\$ (995,104)

The Sewer Improvement AD02-1 Capital Projects Fund deficit will be eliminated through future sewer assessment revenue.

#### (3) DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### (a) Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2018 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:		
Cash and investments	\$	34,525,512
Total cash and investments	\$	34,525,512
Cash and investments as of June 30, 2018 consist of the following:		
Cash on hand	\$	500
Deposits with financial institutions		971,482
Investments	_	33,553,530
Total cash and investments	\$	34,525,512

## Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The City's Investment Policy is reviewed and adopted by the City Council each year. The table below identifies the allowable investment types authorized by the California Government Code and the City's adopted Investment Policy (the "Investment Policy"). The table also identifies certain restrictions related to interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk. The Investment Policy restricts the Treasurer to invest in only the types of investments listed herein, which is more restrictive than the Government Code.

Investment Types	Authorized			Maximum !	Percentages			
Authorized Investment	by Investment	stment Maximum Maturity		of Po	rtfolio	Maximum Investment		
By State Law	Policy	CGC	City	CGC	City	CGC	City	
Local Agency Bonds Federal Agency and U.S Government Sponsore		5 years	5 years	None	None	None	None	
Enterprise Obligations	s Yes	5 years	5 years	None	None	None	35%**	
U.S. Treasury Securities	Yes	5 years	5 years	None	None	None	None	
Certificates of Deposit	Yes	5 years	5 years	30%	15%	None	None	
Time Deposits	Yes	5 years	1 year	None	15%	None	None	
Bankers' Acceptances	Yes	180 days	180 days	40%	20%	30%	10%	
Commercial Paper	Yes	270 days	270 days	25%	25%	10%	\$1 million*	
Medium Term Notes	Yes	5 years	5 years	30%	30%	None	\$1 million*	
Mutual Funds	Yes	N/A	N/A	20%	20%	10%	10%	
Money Market								
Mutual Funds	Yes	N/A	N/A	20%	20%	None	None	
Mortgage Pass-								
Through Securities	No	5 years	5 years	20%	None	None	None	
County Pooled								
Investment Funds	No	N/A	N/A	None	None	None	None	
JPA Pools (other								
investment pools) Local Agency Investment	Yes	N/A	N/A	None	25%	None	None	
Fund (LAIF)	Yes	N/A	N/A	None	50%	\$65 million	\$65 million	
Repurchase Agreements	Yes	1 year	30 days	None	10%	None	None	
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	No	92 days	92 days	20% of base value	20% of base value	None	None	

Total par value of a single issuer.

#### Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity

<sup>\*\*</sup> Maximum investment limit of 35% for Federal Agency Issues in one issuer applies if obligations are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government at time of acquisition.

of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

			Remaining Maturity (in Months)							
Investment Type		Fair Value		12 Months or Less	22 J	13 - 24 Months		25 - 60 Months		
Money market funds	\$	7,512,601	\$	7,512,601	\$	-	\$	=		
LAIF		6,400,000		6,400,000		-		-		
Federal agency securities		14,641,335		1,994,381		1,964,538		10,682,416		
Corporate medium term notes	_	4,999,594	_	996,443	_	1,519,821	_	2,483,330		
Total	\$	33,553,530	\$	16,903,425	\$	3,484,359	\$	13,165,746		

#### Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code or the City's investment policy, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type (Standard & Poors). LAIF does not have a rating provided by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

			Minimum Legal	_		Ratings	as of Y	Year End		
Investment Type		Fair Value	Rating		AAA	AA+	AA,	AA-, A+, A-	1	Not Rated
Money market funds	\$	7,512,601	N/A	\$	7,512,601	\$ -	\$		\$	<u> </u>
LAIF		6,400,000	N/A		8 19			2		6,400,000
Federal agency securities Corporate medium		14,641,335	N/A		#	14,641,335		*		, n
term notes	_	4,999,594	Α		503,286	 -		4,496,308		<u> </u>
Total	\$	33,553,530		\$	8,015,887	\$ 14,641,335	\$	4,496,308	\$	6,400,000

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments (other than external investment pools) in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total City's investments are as follows:

		Reported		
Issuer	Investment Type	Amount	Maturity	Interest Rate
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	Federal agency securities	\$3,920,625	2020-2023	1.125%-2.875%
Federal National Mortgage Association	Federal agency securities	4,878,114	2019-2023	1.125%-2.000%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	Federal agency securities	2,891,106	2021-2022	1.540%-1.680%

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2018, \$822,962 of the City's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits was held in collateralized accounts.

#### Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. These principles recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows

- Level 1: Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets;
- Level 2: Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly
  or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered active; and
- Level 3: Investments reflect prices based on unobservable sources.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

			sing				
Investments by Fair Value		Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	or	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Debt Securities							
Federal Agency Securities	\$	14,641,335	\$ 1	\$	14,641,335	\$	2
Corporate Medium-Term Notes		4,999,594	<b>*</b>		4,999,594		4
Total investments measured at fair value		19,640,929	\$ -	\$	19,640,929	\$	•
Investments measured at amortized cost							
Money Market Funds		7,512,601					
LAIF	-	6,400,000					
Total pooled amd directed investments	\$	33,553,530					

#### Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. The City's LAIF balance at June 30, 2018 was \$6,400,000.

The total amount invested by all public agencies in LAIF as of June 30, 2018 was \$22.5 billion. LAIF is part of the California Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA), which at June 30, 2018 has a balance of \$89.4 billion (47.60% was invested in government securities). The average maturity of PMIA investments was 193 days as of June 30, 2018.

#### (b) Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2018, is as follows:

Due to/Due from other funds:

	D Ot	Due To Other Funds		
Major Fund: General Fund	0	<b>60.000</b>	ф	
General Fund	\$	69,898	\$	-
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:				
Traffic Safety Fund		12		1,770
Community Development Block Grant Fund		· +		4,278
Sewer Redemption AD98-1 Fund		-		10,130
Sewer Redemption AD02-1 Fund		: <del>-</del>		18,506
Sewer Redemption AD04-1 Fund		-		35,214
Total	\$	69,898	\$	69,898

The purpose of Due to/Due from is to eliminate negative cash balances at fiscal year-end in various funds.

Advances to/from other funds:

	5.0	dvances To Other Funds	100000	vances From Other Funds
Major Funds:	Y			
General Fund	\$	1,117,464	\$	-
Sewer Improvement AD02-1 Capital Projects Fund				995,104
Nonmajor Fund:				
Sewer Improvement AD98-1 Debt Service Fund	· ·	-		122,360
Total	\$	1,117,464	\$	1,117,464

The State of California loaned funds to the City for the purpose of constructing sewer lines in Assessment District 98-1. During construction, the General Fund advanced funds to Sewer AD 98-1 Debt Service Fund, which was the City's matching share according to the agreement with the State.

The advances are payable at an annual interest rate of 7%. At June 30, 2018 the outstanding balance is \$122,360.

The General Fund advanced funds to the Sewer Improvement AD02-1 Capital Projects Fund to eliminate negative cash balances at year-end. There are no current repayment terms and the outstanding balance is \$995,104 at June 30, 2018.

#### Transfers In/Transfers Out:

	Transfers Out								
Transfers In		General Fund		Nonmajor Funds		Total			
General Fund	\$	-	\$	113,737	\$	113,737			
Sewer AD04-1 Debt Service Fund		¥1		1,821,989		1,821,989			
Sewer AD02-1 Debt Service Fund		÷		960,136		960,136			
City Capital Projects Fund		739,700		998,254		1,737,954			
Nonmajor Funds	-	1,404,576	_	544,270	_	1,948,846			
Total	\$	2,144,276	\$	4,438,386	\$	6,582,662			

Interfund transfers were primarily used to fund debt service payments in the Sewer AD98-1, Sewer AD02-1 and Sewer AD04-1. Transfers to the General Fund were primarily used to partially reimburse personnel costs for employees providing services to non-General Fund activities. Transfers from the General Fund were primarily used to assist or fully fund major capital or maintenance projects (i.e., street resurfacing, road and catch basin repairs, trail projects and the acquisition of a new city hall).

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## Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	2	Balance July 1, 2017		Increases	Decreases		Balance June 30, 2018	
Governmental activities:						a announce of the second		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land and easements	\$	12,563,322	\$		\$	-	\$	12,563,322
Construction in progress		8,263,059	-	1,011,924	_	(19,225)	_	9,255,758
Total capital assets, not								
being depreciated	_	20,826,381	_	1,011,924	_	(19,225)	_	21,819,080
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings		3,511,774		<i>7</i>		-		3,511,774
Improvements other than Buildings		380,030		94,449		-		474,479
Equipment		1,177,100		23,894		-		1,200,994
Vehicles		1,043,590		** <u>*</u>		-		1,043,590
Infrastructure		81,381,409	_	31,442	<u>-</u>			81,412,851
Total capital assets,								
being depreciated	_	87,493,903	_	149,785	_		))	87,643,688
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings		(2,100,881)		(54,284)				(2,155,165)
Improvements other than Buildings		(324,966)		(27,799)				(352,765)
Equipment		(1,038,256)		(51,977)		-		(1,090,233)
Vehicles		(431,520)		(105,062)		-		(536,582)
Infrastructure		(18,368,782)	_	(1,929,792)	_			(20,298,574)
Total accumulated depreciation		(22,264,405)	_	(2,168,914)	_		_	(24,433,319)
Total capital assets,								
being depreciated, net		65,229,498	_	(2,019,129)	-	-	_	63,210,369
Governmental activities	92	1203 00000 00000	623		(2)		100	
capital assets, net	\$	86,055,879	\$	(1,007,205)	\$	(19,225)	\$	85,029,449

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Total	\$ 2,168,914
Public works	2,008,209
Community development	10,189
Public safety	2,268
General government	\$ 148,248
Governmental activities:	

#### (c) Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

Unavailable revenues are deferred in accordance with GASB Statements No. 23 and No. 65. The City has unavailable revenues relating to investment accrued interest income on bonds, sales tax receivable, and intergovernmental receivables. The balance of unavailable revenues reported as deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2018, was \$132,030. For information about deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions, see note 4(b)2.

#### (d) Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018:

	Balance July 1, 2017	A	dditions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2018	Due Within One Year
Loans Payable	\$ 23,989,783	\$		\$ 2,474,972	\$ 21,514,811	\$ 2,523,023
Promissory Note	5,580,000		2	-	5,580,000	5,580,000
Employee Leave Benefits	349,606	(E)	247,816	274,297	323,125	274,297
Total	\$ 29,919,389	\$	247,816	\$ 2,749,269	\$ 27,417,936	\$ 8,377,320

#### Loans and Notes Payable

The State of California has loaned funds, through its State Revolving Fund, to the City for the purpose of constructing sewer lines in Assessment District 98-1. These funds have been advanced to the Sewer Improvement Capital Projects Fund. The loan amount \$8,355,829, which bears interest at zero percent, is comprised of a federal share (83.333% or \$6,963,163) and a state share (16.667% or \$1,392,666). During construction, the City paid the matching share, which is the City's contribution in order to participate in the zero interest loan programs. Repayment of the loan in equal annual installments of \$417,791 over 20 years commenced during FY 2000-01, upon completion of construction. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2018 is \$835,582.

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding State Loan for Sewer Assessment District 98-1 as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Fiscal year ending June 30,		Principal
2019	\$	417,791
2020	SOII	417,791
Totals	\$	835,582

The State of California made an obligation to loan the City up to \$13,596,030 for the purpose of constructing sewer lines in Assessment District 02-1. During fiscal year 2008-2009, the interest rate was reduced from 2.4% to 1.4% and a 1% service charge was added to the loan. To date, the City has drawn \$13,970,937 (which includes accretion of \$374,907) on this loan, and no further draws will be made. Repayment of the loan in installments ranging from \$535,928 to \$867,554 over 20 years commenced during FY 2005-2006, upon completion of construction. Principal and interest payments are due March 31 of each year. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2018 is \$5,662,111.

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding State Loan for Sewer Assessment District 02-1 as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

	Principal	y:	Interest
\$	752,473	\$	135,890
	770,533		117,831
	789,025		99,339
	807,963		80,402
	827,353		61,011
-	1,714,764	_	61,975
\$	5,662,111	\$	556,448
	300	\$ 752,473 770,533 789,025 807,963 827,353 1,714,764	\$ 752,473 \$ 770,533 789,025 807,963 827,353 1,714,764

The State of California made an obligation to loan the City up to \$26,447,628 for the purpose of constructing sewer lines in Assessment District 04-1 and to advance refund \$18,930,000 of 2004A Revenue Bonds. During fiscal year 2008-2009, the interest rate was reduced from 2.3% to 1.3% and a 1% service charge was added to the loan. To date, the City has drawn \$26,937,047 (which includes accretion of \$489,419) on this loan, and no further draws will be made. Repayment of the loan in installments ranging from \$996,775 to \$1,659,973 over 20 years commenced during FY 2008-2009, upon completion of construction. Principal and interest payments are due October 31 of each year. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2018 is \$15,017,115.

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding State Loan for Sewer Assessment District 04-1 as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Fiscal year ending June 30,		Principal	Interest
2019	\$	1,352,758	\$ 345,394
2020		1,383,872	314,280
2021		1,415,701	282,451
2022		1,448,262	249,890
2023		1,481,572	216,580
2024-2028	-	7,934,953	 555,809
Totals	\$	15,017,118	\$ 1,964,404

On February 22, 2017, the City entered into an agreement for \$11.2 million to purchase property for a new City Hall from La Cañada Properties, Inc. The City financed \$5,580,000 of the purchase via a promissory note with no interest and the entire principal amount due and payable on August 22, 2019.

#### **Employee Leave Benefits**

Employee leave benefits are payable to employees upon termination. The City's policies relating to the payment of these benefits are discussed in Note (1) (d) 4.

#### (e) Fund Balances for Governmental Funds

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balances at June 30, 2018, for the governmental funds are nonspendable, restricted, assigned, and unassigned for the following purposes:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. At June 30, 2018, the City had nonspendable fund balance of prepaids of \$21,421, advances to other funds of \$1,117,464, and loans of \$135,967.

Restricted Fund Balance – includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes stipulated by external resources providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers. At June 30, 2018, the City had restricted fund balances of: \$1,296,573 for transit related activities, \$246,038 for air quality improvements, \$1,313,565 for sewer improvements, \$12,456,863 for debt service, and \$1,812,753 for capital projects.

Committed Fund Balance – includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority, the City Council. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the City taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally (for example: resolution). At June 30, 2018, the City had a committed fund balance of \$6,471,397 for property acquisition.

Assigned Fund Balance – includes amounts intended to be used by the City for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) City Council or (b) a body (a budget, finance committee, or management (City Wide Leadership team, which consists of City Manager and Executive Department Heads)) to which the assigned amounts are to be used for specific purposes. Assigned amounts also include all residual amounts in governmental funds (except negative amounts) other than the General Fund that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed. At June 30, 2018, the City had assigned fund balances of: \$171,922 for the Tree Fund, \$9,297 for DAE, and \$539,325 for OPEB.

Unassigned Fund Balance – the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications. Governmental funds report residual negative balances as unassigned fund balance. At June 30, 2018, the City had an unassigned fund balance of \$5,350,295.

#### (4) OTHER INFORMATION

#### (a) Risk Management

The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (CJPIA). The following disclosures are regarding the risk pool:

#### Liability, Property, and Workers' Compensation Protection

#### 1. Description of Self-Insurance Pool Pursuant to Joint Powers Agreement

The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (Authority). The Authority is composed of 116 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The California JPIA began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

#### 2. Self-Insurance Programs of the Authority

Each member pays an annual contribution at the beginning of the coverage period. A retrospective adjustment is then conducted annually thereafter, for coverage years 2012-13 and prior. Coverage years 2013-14 and forward are not subject to routine annual retrospective adjustment. The total funding requirement for self-insurance programs is based on an actuarial analysis. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on payroll and claims history, relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool.

<u>Liability</u> – Claims are pooled separately between police and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$30,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$30,000 to \$750,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$750,000 to \$50 million, are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

The overall coverage limit for each member, including all layers of coverage, is \$50 million per occurrence. Subsidence losses have a sub-limit of \$40 million per occurrence. The coverage structure includes retained risk that is pooled among members, reinsurance, and excess insurance. More detailed information about the various layers of coverage is available on the following website: https://cjpia.org/protection/coverage-programs.

Workers' Compensation – Claims are pooled separately between public safety (police and fire) and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$50,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$50,000 to \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs form \$100,000 to statutory limits are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layer

For 2017-18, the Authority's pooled retention is \$2 million per occurrence, with reinsurance to statutory limits under California Workers' Compensation Law. Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$2 million. Coverage from \$2 million to \$5 million is purchased as part of a reinsurance policy, and Employer's Liability losses from \$5 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

#### 3. Purchased Insurance

<u>Pollution Legal Liability Insurance</u> - The City participates in the pollution legal liability insurance program which is available through the Authority. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$50,000 deductible. The Authority has an aggregate limit of \$50 million for the 3-year period from July 1, 2017 through July 1, 2020. Each member of the Authority has a \$10 million sub-limit during the 3-year term of the policy.

<u>Property Insurance</u> – The City participates in the all-risk property protection program of the Authority. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. The City's property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City to the Authority. The City's property currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$15,472,131. There is a \$10,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$5,000 deductible.

<u>Earthquake and Flood Insurance</u> – The City purchases earthquake and flood insurance on a portion of its property. The earthquake insurance is part of the property protection insurance program of the Authority. City of La Cañada Flintridge property currently has earthquake protection in the amount of \$7,707,600. There is a deductible of 5% per unit of value with a minimum deductible of \$100,000. Premiums for the coverage are paid annually and are not subject to retrospective adjustments.

<u>Crime Insurance</u> - The City purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The fidelity coverage is provided through the Authority.

<u>Special Event Tenant User Liability Insurance</u> - The City further protects against liability damages by requiring tenant users of certain property to purchase low-cost tenant user liability insurance for certain activities on agency property. The insurance premium is paid by the tenant user and is paid to the City according to a schedule. The City then pays for the insurance. The insurance is arranged by the Authority.

#### 4. Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2017-18.

#### (b) Employee Retirement System Pension Plans

#### 1. General Information about the Pension Plans

#### Plan Description

All qualified employees are eligible to participate in the City's Miscellaneous Employee Pension Plan, cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available report that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

#### Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2018, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous Classic	Miscellaneous PEPRA
Benefit formula	2.0% @55	2.0% @62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0%	2.0%
Required employee contribution rates	7.0%	6.250%
Required employer contribution rates	8.921%	6.533%

#### Contributions

Section 20814 (c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employees be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for the Plan were as follow:

Contributions - employer \$ 308,223

 Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows or Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2018, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net position liability of the Plan as follows:

Proportionate Share of
Net Pension Liability
\$ 3,270,893

Miccellaneous

Miscellaneous

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2017 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2016 and 2017 was as follows:

	Miscellaneous
Proportion – June 30, 2016	0.031740%
Proportion – June 30, 2017	0.032982%
Change - Increase	0.001242%

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$592,883. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred of Res	Outflows ources	 red Inflows Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	333,771	\$ -
Changes of assumptions		601,836	(45,891)
Net differences between projected and actual earnings			
on plan investments		136,111	
Differences between the employer's contributions and the			
employer's proportionate share of contributions			(144,482)
Differences between expected and actual experience		4,851	(69,492)
Changes in employer's proportion		110,426	(29,250)
Total	\$	1,186,995	\$ (289,115)

\$333,771 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Fiscal year ending June 30,	Outflo	Deferred ows (Inflows) Resources
2019	\$	91,379
2020		345,418
2021		208,122
2022		(80,810)
Totals	\$	564,109

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date	June 30, 2016
Measurement date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal cost method
Actuarial assumptions	
Discount rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll growth  Investment rate of return	Varies by entry age and service 7.50% (1)
Mortality	Data for all Funds (2)

- (1) Net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses, including inflation
- (2) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2014 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the fiscal years 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality, and retirement rates. The experience study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

#### Changes of Assumptions

In fiscal year 2016-17, the financial reporting discount rate for PERF C was lowered from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. Deferred outflows of resources for changes of assumptions presented in the Schedule of Collective Pension Amounts represents the unamortized portion of this assumption change.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% and reflects the long-term expected rate of return for the Plan net of investment expenses and without reduction for administrative expenses. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of the discount rate for the public agency plans (including PERF C), the amortization and smoothing periods adopted by the Board in 2013 were used. For the Plan, the crossover test was performed for both a miscellaneous agent plan and a safety agent plan selected as being more at risk of failing the crossover test and resulting in a discount rate that would be different from the long-term expected rate of return on pension investments. Based on the testing of the plans, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for PERF C. The crossover test results can be found on the CalPERS' website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, staff took into account both the short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set to equal the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The expected rate of return by asset class can be found in CalPERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 – 10 (a)	Real Return Years 11+ (b)
Global Equity	47.00%	4.90%	5.38%
Global Fixed Income	19.00%	0.80%	2.27%
Inflation Sensitive	6.00%	0.60%	1.39%
Private Equity	12.00%	6.60%	6.63%
Real Estate	11.00%	2.80%	5.21%
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.00%	3.90%	5.36%
Liquidity	2.00%	(0.40%)	(0.90%)
Total	100.00%	=9	

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.50% used for this period.
- (b) An expected inflation of 3.00% used for this period.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.15%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.15%) than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous
1.0% Decrease	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 5,254,718
Current Discount Rate	7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,270,893
1.0% Increase	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,627,8533

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

#### (c) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### Plan Description

The City administers a single-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan (Plan). The Plan provides retiree health benefits to eligible retirees under healthcare plans administered by CalPERS. The Public Employees Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMCHA) governs healthcare provided to employees and retirees under CalPERS healthcare plans. Eligibility for the direct subsidy requires retirement from the City (on or after age 50 with at least 5 years of total CalPERS service) and commencement of the employer's pension within 120 days. The City provides a contribution based on the employee's date of hire. For full-time employees hired prior to July 1, 1998, the City will pay the cost of coverage for the retiree plus one dependent. For full-time employees hired on or after July 1, 1998 but hired before July 1, 2014, the City will pay the

cost of retiree only coverage. For employees hired on or after July 1, 2014, the City will pay the cost of retiree only coverage subject to a maximum monthly stipend of \$600 in addition to the PEMCHA minimum (\$128 per month in 2017, \$133 per month in 2018, \$136 per month in 2019, and indexed in future years). The monthly stipend is prorated by service as follows:

Years of City Service	City Paid Stipend	
0-5	25%	
5-10	50%	
10-15	75%	
15 or more	100%	

<sup>\*</sup>The City paid stipend schedule applies for both service and disability retirements.

As of the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the Plan:

Active employees	27
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	13
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	1
Total	41

#### **Funding Policy**

Contribution requirements for the City are established and may be amended by the City Council. The City pays for retiree health benefits on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. For fiscal year 2017-18, the City contributed \$106,202, or 33% of the annual OPEB cost, to the Plan.

#### Net OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date June 30, 2018 utilizing the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

- Discount Rate 3.50% per annum. Based on blended of asset expected rate of return and 3.50% using the average of 3 20 year municipal bond rate indices: S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index, Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO index, and the Fidelity GO AA 20 Year Bond Index.
- Inflation 2.75% per annum
- Payroll Increases 3.00% per annum, in aggregate
- Salary Increases For cost method purposes the merit increases from the CalPERS pension plan valuation will be used.
- Pre-retirement Turnover According to the termination rates under the most recent CalPERS pension plan valuation the sample rates for Miscellaneous employees are as follows:

Years of		Entry	y Age	
Service	20	30	40	50
0	17.42%	16.06%	14.68%	13.32%
5	8.68%	7.11%	5.54%	0.97%
10	6.68%	5.07%	0.71%	0.38%
15	5.03%	3.47%	0.23%	0.04%
20	3.70%	0.21%	0.05%	0.01%
25	2.29%	0.05%	0.01%	0.01%
30	0.05%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%

 Pre-retirement Mortality – According to the pre-retirement mortality rates under the most recent CalPERS pension plan valuation. Sample deaths per 1,000 employees are applicable to Miscellaneous and Safety employees are as follows:

Age	Males	Females
25	0.4	0.2
30	0.5	0.3
35	0.6	0.4
40	0.8	0.5
45	1.1	0.7
50	1.6	1.0
55	2.3	1.4
60	3.1	1.8

Post-retirement Mortality – According to the post-retirement mortality rates under the
most recent CalPERS pension plan valuation, sample deaths per 1,000 employees
applicable to Miscellaneous and Safety retirees as follows:

Age	Males	Females
55	6.00	4.2
60	7.10	4.4
65	8.30	5.9
70	13.10	9.9
75	22.10	17.2
80	39.00	29.0
85	69.70	52.4
90	129.70	98.9

- Retirement Rates According to the retirement rates under the most recent CalPERS pension plan valuation. For Miscellaneous Tier one it was 2.0% @55 and for Miscellaneous Tier 2 it was 2.0% @62.
- Participation Rates 100% of eligible active employees are assumed to elect medical coverage at retirement. Future retirees are assumed to elect similar coverage as current retirees. Actual plan coverage is used for current retirees.
- Spouse Coverage 80% of future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for their spouse.
   Male spouses are assumed to be 3 years older than female spouses. Actual spouse coverage and spouse ages are used for current retirees.
- Claim Cost Development The valuation claim costs are based on the premiums paid for medical insurance coverage. The City participates in CalPERS, a community rated plan. Past valuations assumed the City was exempt from the valuation of any medical plan

### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2018

implicit rate subsidy. An implicit rate subsidy can exist when the non-Medicare rates for retirees are the same as for active employees. Since non-Medicare eligible retirees are typically much older than active employees, their actual medical costs are typically higher than for active employees. The current valuation contains an estimate of the implicit rate subsidy.

Medical Trend Rates – Medical costs are adjusted in future years by the following trends:

Year	PPO	HMO
2018	Actual	Actual
2019	Actual	Actual
2020	6.5%	6.0%
2021	6.0%	5.5%
2022	5.5%	5.0%
2023+	5.0%	5.0%

- Medicare Participation 100%
- City-Paid Stipend The City-paid stipend is assumed to remain constant in all future years.
- Actuarial Cost Method The actuarial cost method used to determine the allocation of the retiree health actuarial liability to the past (accrued), current and future periods is the Entry Age Normal (EAN) cost method. The EAN cost method is a projected benefit cost method which means the "cost" is based on the projected benefit expected to be paid at retirement. The EAN normal cost equals the level annual amounts of contribution from the employee's date of hire (entry date) to their retirement date that is sufficient to fund the projected benefit. The normal cost is calculated to remain level as a percentage of pay. The EAN actuarial liability or total OPEB liability equals the present value of all future benefits for retired and current employees and their beneficiaries less the portion expected to be funded by future normal costs. All eligible employees and participating retirees and spouses as of the valuation date listed in the data provided by the City were included in the valuation in accordance with the provisions of the Plan.
- Actuarial Value of Assets As of the valuation date, there were no reported GASB eligible assets.

### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2018

### Changes in the OPEB Liability

The changes in the net OPEB liability for the Plan are as follows:

Changes in Net OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2017							
	Total						
	OPEB						
	Liability						
Balance at June 30, 2017**	\$ 4,116,914						
Service Cost	189,882						
Interest	144,626						
Change of assumptions	(60,223)						
Benefit Payments	(106,202)						
Net Change during 2017-18	168,083						
Balance at June 30, 2018***	\$ 4,284,997						

#### Notes:

### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Net OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 3.50% as well as what the Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.50%) or one-percentage point higher (4.50%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	<b>Discount Rate</b>	1% Increase
	(2.50%)	(3.50%)	(4.50%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 4,948,711	\$ 4,284,997	\$ 3,746,130

### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OEB liability of the City if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate for measurement period ended June 30, 2018:

			Curre	nt Healthcare		
	19	% Decrease	Cost	Trend Rates	19	6 Increase
	6 HMO/5.50% creasing to		MO/6.50%PPO creasing to		MO/7.50%PPO creasing to	
	4.00%H	MO/4.00% PPO	5.00%H	MO/5.00%PPO	6.00%H	MO/6.00% PPO
Net OPEB Liability	\$	3,668,440	\$	4,284,997	\$	5,054,750

<sup>\*\*</sup> Roll back balance at June 30, 2017 from Measurement date June 30, 2018.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> As of Measurement date June 30, 2018.

### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2018

### Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systemically over time.

Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The recognition period is four years.

### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expenses of \$319,452. As of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred inflows of resources for the differences between Expected and Actual Experience in measurement of the Total OPEB Liability of \$45,167. The City will recognize in expense in FY 2019 of \$15,056, FY 2020 of \$15,056 and FY 2021 of \$15,055.

### (5) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City is occasionally a defendant in lawsuits which have arisen in the normal course of business. Damages are alleged in some of these actions and their outcome cannot be predicted with certainty. However, in the opinion of the City Attorney, the outcome of these actions will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

The City participates in several federal and state grant programs. The programs are subject to examination by the granters and the amount, if any, of expenses which may be disallowed by the granting agency cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

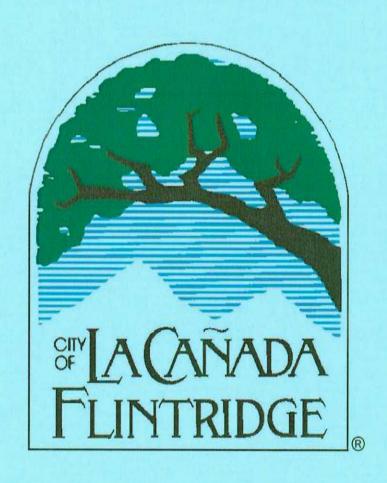
### (6) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On November 6, 2018, the City Council revised the General Fund reserve fund balance policy. The Council established a reserve policy of 50% of budgeted revenues. For FY 2018 – 2019, budgeted operating revenues total \$14.4 million which sets the unrestricted fund balance reserve level at \$7.1 million. In addition, the Council set additional reserve balances for an economic stabilization reserve of \$1.0 million, a disaster reserve of \$1.5 million and an OPEB reserve of \$0.5 million for a total reserve target of \$10.2 million for FY 2018 - 2019.



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# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2018

### Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years (\*)

### SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

		Measurement Date June 30 2014		Date and 30 2015	70	leasurement Date ine 30 2016	Measurement Date June 30 2017	
City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.030890%		0.029101%		0.031740%		0.032982%
City's proportionate share of								
the net pension liability	\$	1,921,972	\$	1,997,461	\$	2,746,460	\$	3,270,893
City's covered payroll	\$	2,318,764	\$	2,358,312	\$	2,467,539	\$	2,485,697
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage						S A PROST NACE NO TO THE ANGELS OF		>450 and - 120 and -
of it's covered payroll		82.89%		84.70%		111.30%		131.59%
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$24	,607,502,515	\$24	,907,305,871	\$24	,705,532,291	\$27	,244,095,376
Plan's total pension liability	\$30	,829,966,631	\$31	,771,217,402		,358,627,624		,161,348,332
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension				Personal Company of the Company of t			10.** (25° (26° (26° )	. Martin and Art Merchant (1994) (1994) (1994) (1994) (1994) (1994) (1994) (1994) (1994) (1994) (1994) (1994)
liability		79.82%		78.40%		74.06%		73.31%

### Notes to Schedule

Change in Benefit Terms: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2016 as they have minimal cost impact. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a Golden Handshakes).

Change in Assumptions: Discount rate was changed from 7.50% to 7.15% for the June 30, 2017 Measurement Date.

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore, only four years are shown.

### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2018

### Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years (\*)

#### SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

0		Date one 30 2014	- 511	Date ne 30 2015	5347	easurement Date ne 30 2016	Measurement Date June 30 2017	
Actuarially determined contribution (a)	\$	262,412	\$	285,477	\$	308,223	\$	333,771
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution (b)		(262,412)		(285,477)	2	(308,223)		(333,771)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	•	\$	
Covered payroll (d)	\$	2,318,764	\$	2,358,312	\$	2,467,539	\$	2,485,697
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		11.32%		12.11%		12.49%		13.43%

- (a) Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.
- (b) Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions. However some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their unfunded liability. Employers contributions for such plans exceed the actuarially determined contributions.
- (d) Covered payroll represented above is based on pensionable earnings provided by the employer. However, GASB 68 defines covered payroll as the total payroll of the employee's pension plan. Accordingly, if pensionable earnings are different than total earnings for covered employees, the employer should display in the disclosure footnotes the payroll based on total earnings for the covered group and recalculate the required payroll related ratios.

### Notes to Schedule

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal year 2017-18 were from June 30, 2015 public agency valuations.

Amortization method	Level percent of payroll
Average remaining period	18 years as of the valuation date
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Actuarial assumptions	
Discount rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll growth	3.00%
Individual salary growth	A merit scale varying in duration of employment coupled with an assumed annual inflation growth of 2.75% and an annual production growth of 0.25%.
Retirement age	The probabilities of retirement based on the 2014 CalPERS experience study for the period 1997 to 2011.
Mortality	The probabilities of mortality are based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB.

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore, only four years are shown.

### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2018

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last Ten Fiscal Years\*

	8	Measurement Period 06/30/18
Total OPEB Liability		
Service Cost	\$	189,882
Interest on the total OPEB liability		144,626
Changes in assumptions		(60,223)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(106,202)
Net change in total OPEB liability		168,083
Total OPEB liability - beginning		4,116,914
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	4,284,997
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contribution - employer	\$	106,202
Benefit payments		(106,202)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		<u> </u>
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$.	4,284,997
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,385,402
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		179.63%

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2018 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore, only one year is shown.

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Am	ounts				Variance Positive
		Original	Final			Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:			1				//	
Taxes	\$	10,772,525	\$	10,726,325	\$	11,572,763	\$	846,438
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		80,250		74,500		122,881		48,381
From other agencies		21,175		21,175		35,310		14,135
Charges for services		2,919,400		2,990,300		3,529,310		539,010
Use of money and property		409,125		409,125		15,028		(394,097)
Other revenue		51,675		105,650		354,556	_	248,906
Total revenues	Y	14,254,150		14,327,075	_	15,629,848		1,302,773
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		5,788,650		5,762,775		5,348,823		413,952
Public safety		3,638,350		3,677,250		3,255,969		421,281
Community development		686,000		698,050		732,910		(34,860)
Public works		3,351,850		3,400,725		3,138,309		262,416
Capital outlay		285,000	_	328,000	_	270,539		57,461
Total expenditures	_	13,749,850		13,866,800	_	12,746,550		1,120,250
Excess of revenues								
over expenditures	_	504,300		460,275		2,883,298		2,423,023
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		361,575		361,575		113,737		(247,838)
Transfers out		(2,364,100)		(2,364,100)	_	(2,144,276)		219,824
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		(2,002,525)		(2,002,525)	_	(2,030,539)		(28,014)
Net change in fund balance		(1,498,225)		(1,542,250)		852,759		2,395,009
Fund balance, beginning of fiscal year		13,068,036		13,068,036		13,068,036		
Fund balance, end of fiscal year	\$	11,569,811	\$	11,525,786	\$	13,920,795	\$	2,395,009

### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Note to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2018

### (1) BUDGETARY INFORMATION

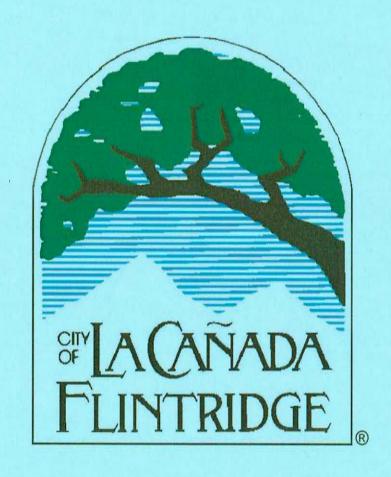
### (a) General Budget Policies:

The City adopts an annual budget prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. The budget is adopted on a basis which does not differ materially from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAP). The City Manager prepares and submits to the City Council the annual budget of the City and administers it after adoption. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between the accounts of any department within a fund; however, any revisions that alter the total appropriations of any fund must be approved by the City Council. The level of budgetary control is the fund level.



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# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



## CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Budgetary Comparison Schedule Sewer AD04-1 Debt Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budgeted	l Am	ounts				Variance Positive
	Original			Final	<u> </u>	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:			((C) = )		3			
Use of money and property	\$	99,025	\$	99,025	\$	120,994	\$	21,969
Total revenues		99,025		99,025		120,994		21,969
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public works		1,300		1,300		1,350		(50)
Debt service:						(5		Y 7
Principal retirement		1,322,350		1,322,350		1,322,344		6
Interest and other charges	-	375,825	_	375,825	-	375,808	\$	17
Total expenditures		1,699,475	-	1,699,475		1,699,502		(27)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(1,600,450)	_	(1,600,450)	_	(1,578,508)		21,942
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in	4-0	1,809,300	_	1,809,300		1,821,989	_	12,689
Total other financing sources	·	1,809,300	_	1,809,300	200	1,821,989		12,689
Net change in fund balance		208,850		208,850		243,481		34,631
Fund balance, beginning of fiscal year	_	6,917,552	_	6,917,552		6,917,552		
Fund balance, end of fiscal year	\$	7,126,402	\$	7,126,402	\$	7,161,033	\$	34,631

## CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Budgetary Comparison Schedule Sewer AD02-1 Debt Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	·	Budgeted	An	nounts				ariance Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(N	legative)
Revenues:			<i>30</i>	1200 - 2000	1.00			
Use of money and property	\$	60,125	\$	60,125	\$	79,976	\$	19,851
Total revenues	-	60,125		60,125	-	79,976		19,851
Expenditures:								
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		734,850		734,850		734,837		13
Interest and other charges	_	153,525		153,525		153,526		(1)
Total expenditures		888,375		888,375	_	888,363	_	12
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	-	(828,250)	-	(828,250)	7 Table 1	(808,387)		19,863
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in	_	948,125		948,125	-	960,136		12,011
Total other financing sources	_	948,125		948,125	_	960,136		12,011
Net change in fund balance		119,875		119,875		151,749		31,874
Fund balance, beginning of fiscal year		4,116,025	_	4,116,025	_	4,116,025	-	
Fund balance, end of fiscal year	\$	4,235,900	\$	4,235,900	\$	4,267,774	\$	31,874

## CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Budgetary Comparison Schedule City Capital Projects Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Am	ounts				Variance Positive	
		Original	210012	Final		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:				LEUDANN MOUTHUR					
From other agencies	\$	904,975	_\$_	904,975	\$	258,620	\$	(646,355)	
Total revenues		904,975		904,975		258,620		(646,355)	
Expenditures:									
Capital outlay		3,652,575		3,652,575	_	1,919,386		1,733,189	
Total expenditures	100	3,652,575		3,652,575		1,919,386	-	1,733,189	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(2,747,600)		(2,747,600)		(1,660,766)		1,086,834	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in		1,628,550	_	1,628,550	_	1,737,954	-	109,404	
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,628,550		1,628,550	_	1,737,954		109,404	
Net change in fund balance		(1,119,050)		(1,119,050)		77,188		1,196,238	
Fund balance, beginning of fiscal year	( <del>)</del>	1,708,793	:	1,708,793	_	1,708,793		<u>.</u>	
Fund balance (deficit), end of fiscal year	\$	589,743	\$	589,743	\$	1,785,981	\$	1,196,238	

### DESCRIPTION OF NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes.

Traffic Safety Fund - To account for the revenues received and expenditures made for traffic safety enforcement.

State Gasoline Tax Fund - To account for revenues received and expenditures made for general street improvement and maintenance. The revenues consist of the City's share of state gasoline taxes collected under Sections 2103, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2107.5 of the Street and Highway Code.

Bonds and Grants Fund - To account for monies received for Metro transit grants and other general grants.

TDA Fund - To account for funds received from the State, under SB821, for bikeways and pedestrian facilities.

<u>Proposition C Transit Tax Fund</u> - To account for receipt and disbursement of funds derived from the 1990-91 one-half cent sales tax imposed by Proposition C to finance transit or transit-related projects in Los Angeles County.

<u>Proposition A Transit Tax Fund</u> - To account for the receipt and disbursement of funds from the Los Angeles Metropolitan Transportation Authority derived from the one-half cent sales tax imposed by the Proposition A to finance public transportation projects.

<u>Community Development Block Grant Fund</u> - To account for revenues received and expenditures made for the federal Community Development Block Grant. Funds are used to assist low and moderate income residents and to remove blight.

State/ Federal Law Enforcement Supplemental Funds - To account for monies received from the State of California and/ or the federal government to be used for policing activities in accordance with law enforcement activities.

<u>Air Quality Improvement (AQMD Trust) Fund</u> - To account for the revenues and expenditures made for air quality improvements projects. The revenues consist of funds received from the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) in accordance with AB2766.

<u>Sanitation Fund</u> - To account for activities of Sanitation Districts #28 and #34 related to the acquisition and installation of a community sewer system.

Sewer Redemption AD98-1 Fund - To account for funds related to Assessment District 98-1 for sewer assessment.

Sewer Redemption AD02-1 Fund - To account for funds related to Assessment District 02-1 for sewer assessment.

<u>Sewer Redemption AD04-1 Fund</u> - To account for funds related to Assessment District 04-1 for sewer assessment.

### DESCRIPTION OF NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Measure R Fund – To account for receipt and disbursement of funds derived from the 2008 one-half cent sales tax imposed by Measure R to finance transportation-related projects and improvements in Los Angeles County.

Measure M Fund – To account for receipt and disbursement of funds derived from the 2016 one-half cent sales tax imposed by Measure M to finance transportation-related projects and improvements in Los Angeles County.

### DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term liabilities, including principal, interest and related costs.

Sewer AD98-1 Debt Service Fund - To account for payment of interest and principal on the debt of Assessment District 98-1.

#### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities financed by governmental funds.

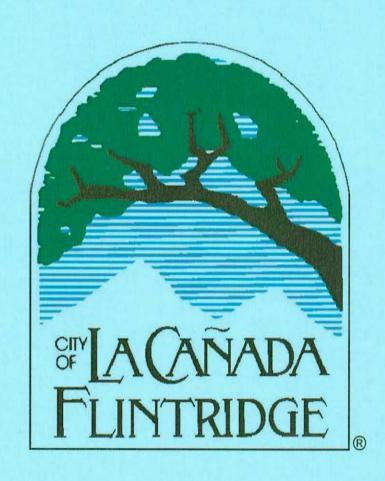
<u>Property Acquisition Fund</u> - To account for monies set aside for the future acquisition of property. Revenues may be derived from various sources, including donations.

<u>Sewer Improvement AD04-1 Capital Projects Fund</u> – To account for sewer capital improvements under Assessment District 04-1.



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# COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



# Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

(Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds							
Ä ansäns		raffic Safety	_	State Gasoline Tax	6 <u>45</u>	Bonds and Grants		TDA
Assets: Cash and investments	ė.		•	20.000		22.0	120	
Accounts receivable	\$		\$	37,889	\$	27,913	\$	
Accounts receivable		1,770		43,443	-	5,704	_	13,656
Total assets	\$	1,770	\$	81,332	\$	33,617	\$	13,656
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	81,332	\$	1,141	\$	13,656
Due to other funds	(75)	1,770	-		•	.,	Ψ	15,050
Advances from other funds	_		_	-		- 2	_	
Total liabilities		1,770		81,332		1,141		13,656
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenues	_		_	-		5,704	_	
Total deferred inflows of resources			_	-	_	5,704	_	-
Fund balances:								
Restricted:								
Transit		_		4		<u></u>		
Air quality improvements		-				_		-
Sewer improvements		-		+		2		_
Debt service reserve		-				12		_
Capital projects		23		2		26,772		_
Committed:						900000000000000000000000000000000000000		
Property acquisition		<b></b>		-		-		_
Unassigned			_	-				
Total fund balances		-		-		26,772		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$	1,770	\$	81,332	\$	33,617	\$	13,656
						i.	(Co	ontinued)

## Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2018 (Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Proposition C Transit Tax			Proposition Community A Transit Development Tax Block Grant			En: Sup	State/ deral Law forcement plemental Funds
Assets:  Cash and investments	e.	CAT 071	e.	402.070	•		•	01.050
Accounts receivable	\$	647,871	\$	403,870	\$	10.501	\$	31,058
Accounts receivable	_		-		-	19,501	_	
Total assets	\$	647,871	\$	403,870	\$	19,501	\$	31,058
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	40,140	\$	76,533	\$	15,223	\$	31,058
Due to other funds		-		.0,555	· ·	4,278	Ψ	31,030
Advances from other funds		20		20				•
rid vallees from other rands	_		_		_			
Total liabilities		40,140		76,533		19,501		31,058
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenues								- 4
Total deferred inflows of resources	-				_			-
Fund balances:								
Restricted:								
Transit		607,731		327,337				
Air quality improvements		007,751		321,331		8		, .
Sewer improvements		(7) (20)		150 150		5 8		3 <b>7</b> 0
Debt service reserve								( <del>-</del>
Capital projects		- 2		10				-
Committed:				170		1/2		179
Property acquisition		-						
Unassigned		(74) (20)		( <del>18</del> ) (0))		0 <del>5</del>		1 <del>=</del> 0
Onassigned	_		_		-			
Total fund balances		607,731	_	327,337				
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$	647,871	\$	403,870	\$	19,501	\$	31,058
			25)		A*		(Con	tinued)

# Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Special Revenue Funds

X X	_	AQMD Trust	Sai	iitation		Sewer Redemption AD98-1		
Assets: Cash and investments			_		127			
Accounts receivable	\$	232,516	\$		\$			
Accounts receivable	-	13,522	-			10,130		
Total assets	\$	246,038	\$		\$	10,130		
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	*	\$	2		
Due to other funds		20		-	-	10,130		
Advances from other funds	-							
Total liabilities	-	-	-	-		10,130		
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenues	-		-		_			
Total deferred inflows of resources					3/) (1-2			
Fund balances:								
Restricted:								
Transit		122		Α.		-		
Air quality improvements		246,038		100		-		
Sewer improvements				-		2		
Debt service reserve		·		-		2		
Capital projects		-		-		9		
Committed:								
Property acquisition		<del> </del> <del>↑</del>		-		-		
Unassigned	_							
Total fund balances	_	246,038		-		-		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$	246,038	\$		\$	10,130		
					(Cor	ntinued)		

## Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2018 (Continued)

Special	Revenue	Funds

	Sew Redem AD0			Sewer demption AD04-1		Ieasure R	M	easure M
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	Harris Harris	\$	5000 A. v	\$	333,304	\$	28,201
Accounts receivable		18,506	-	35,214	-	₽ <del>E</del>	-	<u> </u>
Total assets	\$	18,506	\$	35,214	\$	333,304	\$	28,201
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	· +	\$	( <del>#</del> )	\$	-
Due to other funds		18,506		35,214		123		_
Advances from other funds	_		_					
Total liabilities	_	18,506		35,214		-	. 23	-
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenues			_					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total deferred inflows of resources								
Fund balances:								
Restricted:								
Transit		-		-		333,304		28,201
Air quality improvements		-		-		<b> </b>		6)
Sewer improvements		-		7 <del></del>		<u>.</u>		2
Debt service reserve		-		<b>12</b>		2		23
Capital projects		2		-		-		<u> </u>
Committed:								
Property acquisition								€(
Unassigned	-		_	-				2
Total fund balances	*****	-			070	333,304		28,201
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$	18,506	\$	35,214	\$	333,304	\$	28,201
					and the said		(0	

(Continued)

## Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2018 (Continued)

Capital Projects Funds

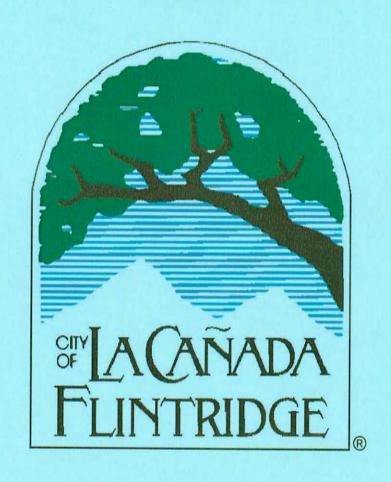
Debt Service Fund

	30000		-		-,	0 2 411410	•((		
Arnoto		Sewer AD98-1		Property equisition	Ir —	Sewer nprovement AD04-1		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets:		1 150 115			_	11 222 232	1020	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Cash and investments	\$	1,150,416	\$	927,121	\$	1,335,777	\$	5,155,936	
Accounts receivable	_		-		_	5,046	-	166,492	
Total assets	\$	1,150,416	\$	927,121	\$	1,340,823	\$	5,322,428	
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	· ·	\$	35,724	\$	27,258	\$	322,065	
Due to other funds		-		® <u>_</u>		1211		69,898	
Advances from other funds		122,360					_	122,360	
Total liabilities		122,360	_	35,724	_	27,258		514,323	
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Unavailable revenues				<u>-</u>		72	1000	5,704	
Total deferred inflows of resources						-		5,704	
Fund balances:									
Restricted:									
Transit		-		4		-		1,296,573	
Air quality improvements				\ <del>-</del>		-		246,038	
Sewer improvements				) <del>=</del>		1,313,565		1,313,565	
Debt service reserve		1,028,056		-				1,028,056	
Capital projects		_		-		-		26,772	
Committed:									
Property acquisition		(#)		891,397		-		891,397	
Unassigned	_		_				_		
Total fund balances	_	1,028,056		891,397		1,313,565		4,802,401	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources, and fund balances	\$	1,150,416	\$	927,121	\$	1,340,823	\$	5,322,428	



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# NON MAJOR FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE



# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 20, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds								
		Γraffic Safety	V	State Gasoline Tax	1222	Bonds and Grants		TDA	
Revenues:						- CONTROL VIOLENCE			
Taxes	\$	-	\$	+	\$	7.	\$		
Assessments		-		51		/ <del>*</del>			
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		26,940		Η.				-	
From other agencies		-		555,816		102,785		13,656	
Charges for services		82				-		2	
Use of money and property				490		4			
Total revenues		26,940		556,306		102,785		13,656	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Public safety		y <del>=</del>		20		-		_	
Public works				557,506		78,799		_	
Community development		_						2	
Capital outlay		722		201		2		13,656	
Debt service:								,	
Principal retirement		-				-		_	
Interest and other charges		-		-		_		-	
₩.	-	-21-10-01129	-	manas astropatas sus	-	1200000 E000000000		19000 02000	
Total expenditures			-	557,506	_	78,799		13,656	
Excess (deficiency)									
of revenues over									
(under) expenditures		26,940		(1,200)		23,986		-	
2004-000 Cont 500 KI A	1				A				
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in				150 705					
Transfers in		(26.040)		158,725		-		-	
Transfers out		(26,940)	_	(157,525)	_				
Total other financing									
sources (uses)		(26,940)		1,200			W	-	
Net changes in fund balances		2		2		23,986			
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of fiscal year		<u> </u>			100000	2,786			
Fund balances (deficits), end of fiscal year	\$	(B)	\$	*	\$	26,772	\$	(4)	
	Alicensia		0.0				(Co	ntinued)	

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 20, 2018

	Proposition C Transit Tax	Proposition A Transit Tax	Community Development Block Grant	State/ Federal Law Enforcement Supplemental Funds
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Assessments		7.7		
Fines, forfeitures and penalties From other agencies	217.106	202.427	61.405	120.416
Charges for services	317,106	383,437	61,405	139,416
Use of money and property	- 12 000	0 106		1.070
Ose of money and property	12,999	8,186	<del>-</del>	1,079
Total revenues	330,105	391,623	61,405	140,495
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public safety		-	-	186,346
Public works	144,917	269,232		100 <u>-</u>
Community development	· ·	<u> -</u>	61,405	2
Capital outlay	-	3,440		-
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-		1.6	5
Interest and other charges				
Total expenditures	144,917	272,672	61,405	186,346
Excess (deficiency)				
of revenues over (under) expenditures	185,188	118,951		(45,851)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	=	2	5/23 4 <b>2</b>	45,851
Transfers out	(112,500)	(30,615)		
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	(112,500)	(30,615)		45,851
Net changes in fund balances	72,688	88,336	12	(E)
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of fiscal year	535,043	239,001	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Fund balances (deficits), end of fiscal year	\$ 607,731	\$ 327,337	\$ -	\$ -
		100000000000000000000000000000000000000		(Continued)

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 20, 2018

Special	Revenue	Funde
SDECIAL	Revenue	runas

Dayanyasa	AQMD Trust	Si	nitation	Sewer Redemption AD98-1		
Revenues: Taxes		_		2		
Assessments	\$ -	\$	5,500	\$	2	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	<u>=</u>		-		543,223	
From other agencies	-		177		425	
Charges for services	26,150		•			
	-		*		25,890	
Use of money and property	4,200	-		_	622	
Total revenues	30,350		5,500		570,160	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public safety	_		_			
Public works	1,466		5,500		11,556	
Community development			-		- 11,550	
Capital outlay			_		_	
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	2		2		2	
Interest and other charges					-	
Total expenditures	1,466		5,500		11,556	
Excess (deficiency)						
of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	28,884				558,604	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	-		-		-	
Transfers out	-				(558,604)	
Total other financing						
sources (uses)	-			_	(558,604)	
Net changes in fund balances	28,884		<del>-</del>		<b>₩</b> 8	
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of fiscal year	217,154		-			
Fund balances (deficits), end of fiscal year	\$ 246,038	\$		\$		
		Same Same		(Co	ontinued)	

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 20, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds							
		Sewer demption AD02-1		Sewer Redemption AD04-1		Measure R		leasure M
Revenues:	27							
Taxes	\$	2	\$	2)	\$	9	\$	•
Assessments		956,289		1,814,529		Ē.		75
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		2,537		5,411				
From other agencies						238,216		215,879
Charges for services		36,225		37,830		¥2		, <u>F</u>
Use of money and property		1,175	_	2,049		9,403	-	322
Total revenues	8	996,226	_	1,859,819		247,619	-	216,201
Expenditures:							1	
Current:								
Public safety		_						
Public works		15,144		16,928		R)		753 200
Community development		10,144		10,926				<b>5</b> .0
Capital outlay		) T				-		-
Debt service:				-		-		•
Principal retirement		725						
Interest and other charges		12		77		5		ē.)
interest and other charges					_	<del></del>	=	
Total expenditures		15,144	_	16,928		<del>-</del>		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		981,082	_	1,842,891	_	247,619		216,201
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		A		()=		12		82
Transfers out		(981,082)		(1,842,891)	_	(540,229)	_	(188,000)
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		(981,082)		(1,842,891)		(540,229)	_	(188,000)
Net changes in fund balances				2		(292,610)		28,201
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of fiscal year			-		_	625,914	_	, <del>,</del>
Fund balances (deficits), end of fiscal year	\$	-	\$	<u> </u>	\$	333,304	\$	28,201
	4		27-181	10-0-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10	0		(Co	ontinued)

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 20, 2018

	22.30	200		1.42-0-4
Dα	ht	80	P* 87	ce

	Fund Capital Projects Funds							
		Sewer AD98-1		Property Acquisition		Sewer Improvement AD04-1		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Revenues:	m		en.		•		-	
Taxes	\$	影).	\$	ø	\$	and the second	\$	5,500
Assessments		70				257,578		3,571,619
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		<b>3</b> 7		-		-		35,313
From other agencies		93				2		2,053,866
Charges for services		<u> </u>		-		2		99,945
Use of money and property	_	19,656	/ <u>-</u>		_	22,741		82,922
Total revenues		19,656				280,319		5,849,165
Expenditures:								-
Current:								
Public safety		-		-		-		186,346
Public works		(4)		(4)		10,375		1,111,423
Community development		20		2		1000		61,405
Capital outlay		2		604,421		235,128		856,645
Debt service:								0,000
Principal retirement		417,791		-		_		417,791
Interest and other charges	_	16,571		-	_	-	_	16,571
Total expenditures	_	434,362	_	604,421	_	245,503		2,650,181
Excess (deficiency)								
of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	_	(414,706)	_	(604,421)	_	34,816	-	3,198,984
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		544,270		1,200,000		<u></u> 2₹		1,948,846
Transfers out	_		_		-	<u> </u>	_	(4,438,386)
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	_	544,270	9-11-	1,200,000				(2,489,540)
Net changes in fund balances		129,564		595,579		34,816		709,444
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of fiscal year	_	898,492	(	295,818		1,278,749	_	4,092,957
Fund balances (deficits), end of fiscal year	\$	1,028,056	\$	891,397	\$	1,313,565	\$	4,802,401



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# Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nonmajor Traffic Safety Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	1	Final Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:		<del></del>				<del></del>
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	\$	88,200	\$	26,940	\$	(61,260)
Total revenues	4	88,200		26,940	-	(61,260)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		88,200		26,940		(61,260)
Other Financing (Uses):						
Transfers out	<u></u>	(88,200)	_	(26,940)		61,260
Net change in fund balance		<del>-</del>				. <del></del>
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of fiscal year		2		-	_	
Fund balance (deficit), end of fiscal year	\$		\$		\$	

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nonmajor State Gasoline Tax Special Revenue Fund

# For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

<u> </u>		Final Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:		***************************************				
From other agencies	\$	565,000	\$	555,816	\$	(9,184)
Use of money and property	1	1,500	-	490	<u>-</u>	(1,010)
Total revenues		566,500	8	556,306		(10,194)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public works	-	611,600	-	557,506		54,094
Total expenditures	-	611,600		557,506	=	54,094
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(45,100)		(1,200)	i L	43,900
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		158,725		158,725		2
Transfers out	201	(157,525)		(157,525)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	1,200	-	1,200		-
Net change in fund balance		(43,900)				43,900
Fund balance, beginning of fiscal year		_		<u> </u>		
Fund balance, end of fiscal year	\$	(43,900)	\$	E.	\$	43,900

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nonmajor Bonds and Grants Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:		*				
From other agencies	\$	78,150	\$	102,785	\$	24,635
Total revenues		78,150		102,785	-	24,635
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public works		83,150	S-2000	78,799		4,351
Total expenditures	-	83,150	0.311-0.0	78,799		4,351
Net change in fund balance		(5,000)		23,986		28,986
Fund balance, beginning of fiscal year		2,786		2,786	_	
Fund balance, end of fiscal year	\$	(2,214)	\$	26,772	\$	28,986

# CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nonmajor TDA Special Revenue Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
From other agencies	\$	13,650	\$	13,656	\$	6
Total revenues	<u> </u>	13,650		13,656	<del></del>	6
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay	2	13,650		13,656	3 12 2	(6)
Total expenditures	-	13,650	i ii <del></del>	13,656		(6)
Net change in fund balance		-		ā		5
Fund balance, beginning of fiscal year	-					2
Fund balance, end of fiscal year	\$		\$		\$	

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nonmajor Proposition C Transit Tax Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
From other agencies	\$	313,975	\$	317,106	S	3,131
Use of money and property	-	6,500		12,999	_	6,499
Total revenues	-	320,475		330,105	-	9,630
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public works	Acres 4	122,825		144,917		(22,092)
Total expenditures	-	122,825		144,917		(22,092)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		197,650		185,188		(12,462)
Other Financing (Uses):						
Transfers out		(52,500)	_	(112,500)	_	(60,000)
Net change in fund balance		145,150		72,688		(72,462)
Fund balance, beginning of fiscal year		535,043	-	535,043		
Fund balance, end of fiscal year	\$	680,193	\$	607,731	\$	(72,462)

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nonmajor Proposition A Transit Tax Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:			-			
From other agencies	\$	366,450	\$	383,437	\$	16,987
Use of money and property	1	4,625	_	8,186		3,561
Total revenues		371,075		391,623		20,548
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public works		309,550		269,232		40,318
Capital outlay		10,000	-	3,440		6,560
Total expenditures		319,550		272,672	<u></u>	46,878
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		51,525		118,951		67,426
Other Financing (Uses):						
Transfers out	-	(24,150)		(30,615)		(6,465)
Net change in fund balance		27,375		88,336		60,961
Fund balance, beginning of fiscal year	(* <u>-1-1-1-1-1-1</u>	239,001	-	239,001	2000	
Fund balance, end of fiscal year	\$	266,376	\$	327,337	\$	60,961

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nonmajor Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:							
From other agencies	\$	58,225	\$	61,405	\$	3,180	
Total revenues		58,225		61,405	d-se-	3,180	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Community development		58,225	_	61,405		(3,180)	
Total expenditures		58,225		61,405	8	(3,180)	
Net change in fund balance				-		-	
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of fiscal year			_		0		
Fund balance (deficit), end of fiscal year	\$		\$		\$		

# **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

# Nonmajor State/Federal Law Enforcement Supplemental Funds Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	* 1.4	ALLE PLEGRAN				3
From other agencies	\$	117,050	\$	139,416	\$	22,366
Use of money and property		1,500	2	1,079		(421)
Total revenues	-	118,550	-	140,495		21,945
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public safety	_	186,350		186,346		4
Total expenditures		186,350		186,346		4
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(67,800)		(45,851)		21,949
Other Financing Sources:						
Transfers in		67,800		45,851	<u>.                                    </u>	(21,949)
Net change in fund balance		-		¥		2
Fund balance, beginning of fiscal year	-					
Fund balance, end of fiscal year	\$		\$	-	\$	

# CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nonmajor AQMD Trust Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
From other agencies	\$	25,250	\$	26,150	\$	900
Use of money and property		2,375	-	4,200	2	1,825
Total revenues		27,625		30,350		2,725
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public works		1,525		1,466		59
Capital outlay	<u> </u>	12,500	-			12,500
Total expenditures	<u>-</u>	14,025		1,466	-	12,559
Net change in fund balance		13,600		28,884		15,284
Fund balance, beginning of fiscal year	_	217,154		217,154	-	
Fund balance, end of fiscal year	\$	230,754	\$	246,038	\$	15,284

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nonmajor Sanitation Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	Vertical teacher		1511-5		V	
Taxes	\$	5,500	\$	5,500	\$	
Total revenues		5,500		5,500		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public works	\$ <del></del>	5,500		5,500		
Total expenditures	-	5,500		5,500	-	
Net change in fund balance		ā				
Fund balance, beginning of fiscal year		<u>.</u>	_			
Fund balance, end of fiscal year	\$		\$		\$	

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nonmajor Sewer Redemption AD98-1 Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Final Budget			Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:		**************************************				- 10	
Assessments	\$	539,975	\$	543,223	\$	3,248	
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		400		425		25	
Charges for services		25,975		25,890		(85)	
Use of money and property	_	25	_	622		597	
Total revenues		566,375	-	570,160		3,785	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public works		13,000	_	11,556		1,444	
Total expenditures	-	13,000	_	11,556		1,444	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		553,375		558,604		5,229	
Other financing (uses):							
Transfers out	<del></del>	(553,375)		(558,604)		(5,229)	
Net change in fund balance		7/		ī		1	
Fund balance, beginning of fiscal year	_						
Fund balance, end of fiscal year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nonmajor Sewer Redemption AD02-1 Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Assessments	\$	947,525	\$	956,289	\$	8,764
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		500		2,537		2,037
Charges for services		36,125		36,225		100
Use of money and property		100	- //	1,175		1,075
Total revenues	-	984,250	-	996,226	_	11,976
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public works		16,500		15,144		1,356
Total expenditures		16,500		15,144	_	1,356
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		967,750		981,082		13,332
Other financing (uses):						
Transfers out	<u> </u>	(967,750)		(981,082)	_	(13,332)
Net change in fund balance		-		÷		-
Fund balance, beginning of fiscal year	<u> </u>					
Fund balance, end of fiscal year	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$	

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nonmajor Sewer Redemption AD04-1 Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Assessments	\$	1,806,500	\$	1,814,529	\$	8,029	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		2,000		5,411		3,411	
Charges for services		37,925		37,830		(95)	
Use of money and property	-	800		2,049		1,249	
Total revenues	_	1,847,225	-	1,859,819		12,594	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public works	_	19,175	_	16,928	_	2,247	
Total expenditures	A .	19,175	l,	16,928	( <del>)</del>	2,247	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		1,828,050		1,842,891		14,841	
Other financing (uses):							
Transfers out		(1,828,050)	-	(1,842,891)		(14,841)	
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-	
Fund balance, beginning of fiscal year	_		_				
Fund balance, end of fiscal year	\$		\$		\$		

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nonmajor Measure R Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	NAME OF THE PARTY	Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:					XX		
From other agencies	\$	227,300	\$	238,216	\$	10,916	
Use of money and property		6,675	2	9,403		2,728	
Total revenues	-	233,975		247,619	-	13,644	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public works	-	80,000		-	-	80,000	
Total expenditures		80,000		-		80,000	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		153,975		247,619		93,644	
Other financing (uses):							
Transfers out	_	(490,825)		(540,229)		(49,404)	
Net change in fund balance		(336,850)		(292,610)		44,240	
Fund balance, beginning of fiscal year		625,914		625,914			
Fund balance, end of fiscal year	\$	289,064	\$	333,304	\$	44,240	

# CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nonmajor Measure M Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Final Budget Actual				Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:					17-12-Wes			
From other agencies	\$	200,000	\$	215,879	\$	15,879		
Use of money and property	-	500	_	322		(178)		
Total revenues	_	200,500		216,201	_	15,701		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		200,500		216,201		15,701		
Other financing (uses):								
Transfers out	_	(188,000)	_	(188,000)				
Net change in fund balance		12,500		28,201		15,701		
Fund balance, beginning of fiscal year	-			•		ž.		
Fund balance, end of fiscal year	\$	12,500	\$	28,201	\$	15,701		

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nonmajor Sewer AD98-01 Debt Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive(Negative)	
Revenues:						
Use of money and property	\$	16,000	\$	19,656	\$	3,656
Total revenues	_	16,000		19,656		3,656
Expenditures:						
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		417,800		417,791		9
Interest and other fiscal charges	)	16,575	_	16,571		4
Total expenditures	_	434,375		434,362		13
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(418,375)		(414,706)		3,669
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in	(9)	540,400	_	544,270		3,870
Net change in fund balance		122,025		129,564		7,539
Fund balance, beginning of fiscal year	-	898,492		898,492		
Fund balance, end of fiscal year	\$	1,020,517	\$	1,028,056	\$	7,539

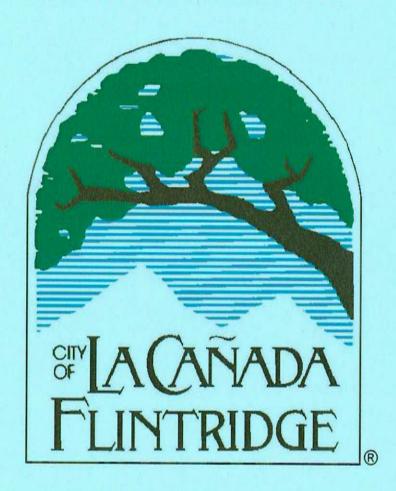
# Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nonmajor Property Acquisition Capital Projects Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Capital Outlay	\$ 1,493,200	\$ 604,421	\$ 888,779
Total expenditures	1,493,200	604,421	888,779
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(1,493,200)	(604,421)	888,779
Other financing sources:			
Transfers in	1,200,000	1,200,000	
Net change in fund balance	(293,200)	595,579	888,779
Fund balance, beginning of fiscal year	295,818	295,818	
Fund balance, end of fiscal year	\$ 2,618	\$ 891,397	\$ 888,779

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nonmajor Sewer Improvement AD04-1 Capital Projects Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Final Budget	Actual		/ariance Positive Negative)	
Revenues:	DATE:					
Assessments	\$	236,300	\$	257,578	\$	21,278
Use of money and property		19,950	-	22,741	-	2,791
Total revenues		256,250		280,319	_	24,069
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public works		8,000		10,375		(2,375)
Capital outlay	-	184,050	_	235,128	8	(51,078)
Total expenditures		192,050		245,503	-	(53,453)
Net change in fund balance		64,200		34,816		(29,384)
Fund balance, beginning of fiscal year	_	1,278,749	-	1,278,749	_	
Fund balance, end of fiscal year	\$	1,342,949	\$	1,313,565	\$	(29,384)

# STATISTICAL SECTION



#### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of La Canada Flintridge comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

#### Table of Contents

Page(s) Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time ......98-105 Revenue Capacity These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the Debt Capacity These schedules contain present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the **Demographic and Economic Information** These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place......115-116 **Operating Information** These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the 

#### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year													
		2009	1	2010	( 8	2011		2012*		2013				
Governmental Activities:	10.27				8									
Net Investment in capital assets	\$	35,712,505	\$	41,662,180	\$	42,188,872	\$	44,923,413	\$	47,058,948				
Restricted		3,137,305		943,332		3,238,118	100	2,776,665	970	12,370,867				
Unrestricted	_	19,884,989		20,657,589		21,632,219		19,977,083		12,094,832				
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$	58,734,799	\$	63,263,101	\$	67,059,209	\$	67,677,161	\$	71,524,647				

<sup>\*</sup>As restated

#### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year			
	2014*	45	2015		2016	2017*	- 1	2018
Governmental Activities:	 Mark and the second second		F-02 10/02 10 10 10 10 10					
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 50,863,970	\$	53,125,809	\$	54,616,632	\$ 56,486,096	\$	57,934,638
Restricted	13,075,427		15,871,777		16,362,080	16,433,593	-59	16,925,230
Unrestricted	13,230,914		13,093,623	_	13,859,733	5,858,711	_	6,860,498
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 77,170,311	\$	82,091,209	\$	84,838,445	\$ 78,778,400	\$	81,720,366

<sup>\*</sup>As restated

#### Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year										
		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013	
Expenses:									(4)	3,000	
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$	4,562,526	\$	4,501,141	\$	4,608,775	\$	4,562,241	\$	4,503,048	
Public safety		2,778,377		2,698,414		2,755,392		2,751,585		2,930,154	
Community development		702,378		570,532		581,731		703,459		626,181	
Public works		6,987,256		6,334,317		6,865,791		8,139,289		7,143,608	
Interest		1,593,344		444,635		1,068,045		828,662		779,056	
Total Governmental Activities Expenses		16,623,881		14,549,039		15,879,734		16,985,236		15,982,047	
Program Revenues:											
Governmental activities:											
Charges for services:											
Public Works		1,501,522		1,852,828		2,440,310		2,334,541		2,226,595	
Other activities		695,925		606,623		313,829		326,581		414,562	
Operating grants and contributions		195,814		144,367		528,793		281,051		1,611,041	
Capital grants and contributions		6,091,740		7,240,503		7,023,119		5,708,601		6,063,026	
Total Governmental Activities	15.00		_	.,,,	-	.,020,0	_	0,7 00,007		0,000,020	
Program Revenues		8,485,001		9,844,321		10,306,051	_	8,650,774	Š.	10,315,224	
Net Revenues (Expenses):											
Governmental activities		(8,138,880)		(4,704,718)		(5,573,683)		(8,334,462)		(5,666,823)	
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Positio Governmental activities: Taxes:	n:										
Property taxes		3,728,130		3,726,677		2 722 202		2 045 040		2 000 454	
Other taxes		2,741,304		2,767,275		3,722,303 2,790,998		3,815,640		3,992,151	
State shared revenues - unrestricted:		2,741,304		2,707,275		2,790,996		2,856,157		2,950,944	
Sales tax		2.044.470		1,900,346		2,104,425		2.245.895		2,539,880	
Motor vehicle		73,428		63,376		98,921		10.690		11,077	
Use of money and property		1,217,381		745,945		585,214		647,624			
Other		102,141		29,401		67,930		46,639		(49,207) 69,464	
Special Item - Loss on Capital Assets Disposal		102,141		29,401		07,930		40,039		09,404	
Total Primary Government		9,906,854		9,233,020		9,369,791	=	9,622,645		9,514,309	
Changes in Net Position											
Governmental Activities	\$	1,767,974	\$	4,528,302	\$	3,796,108	\$	1,288,183	\$	3,847,486	

#### CITY OF LA CANADA FLINTRIDGE Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal year		
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Expenses:		A SINCE—TO COMPANY EXTENSION	7 D	2 A	
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 2,353,045	\$ 4,609,131	\$ 5,106,198	\$ 6,151,267	\$ 5,816,415
Public safety	3,055,234	3,124,207	3,235,107	3,415,773	3,650,220
Community development	2,471,285	725,922	709,933	739,459	848,481
Public works	6,622,919	7,419,030	8,629,125	8,304,487	8,040,300
Interest	732,084	681,519	630,250	575,959	521,343
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	15,234,567	16,559,809	18,310,613	19,186,945	18,876,759
Program Revenues:					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
Public Works	2,632,444	2,820,796	2,931,464	2,955,387	3,325,171
Other activities	482,132	478,925	419,850	364,239	390,792
Operating grants and contributions	2,134,470	1,780,052	1,644,405	1,963,976	2,048,243
Capital grants and contributions	7,846,376	5,624,691	4,462,995	4,562,967	4,114,364
Total Governmental Activities			-1,102,000	4,002,007	4,114,004
Program Revenues	13,095,422	10,704,464	9,458,714	9,846,569	9,878,570
Net Revenues (Expenses):					
Governmental activities	(2,139,145)	(5,855,345)	(8,851,899)	(9,340,376)	(8,998,189)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	n:				
Governmental activities:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	4,229,162	4,429,351	4,661,834	4,920,152	5,271,832
Other taxes	3,084,333	3,312,466	3,401,762	3,484,856	3,643,219
State shared revenues - unrestricted:	70.000	AT AT ATTA	51.15.11.52	0,101,000	0,040,210
Sales tax	2,669,216	2,707,738	2,922,948	2,629,347	2,649,512
Motor vehicle	9,167	8,855	8,308	9,209	10,789
Use of money and property	111,490	81,254	384,346	(83,298)	16,456
Other	119,782	236,579	218,483	63,005	348,347
Special Item - Loss on Capital Assets Disposal		XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	ENVIOLENCE DE	(4,822,413)	
Total Primary Government	10,223,150	10,776,243	11,597,681	6,200,858	11,940,155
Changes in Net Position					
Governmental Activities	\$ 8,084,005	\$ 4,920,898	\$ 2,745,782	\$ (3,139,518)	\$ 2,941,966

#### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

						Fiscal Year			
		2009	18/10	2010	SVI =	2011	2012*	V 78	2013
General Fund:	0.95	ROMANNO POUR D	-		_	A SAMULIA SAMU			
Reserved	\$	3,064,994	\$	2,171,341	\$	21	\$ 2	\$	_
Unreserved		10,781,252		11,595,078		-	-		-
Nonspendable		-		-		2,086,661	2,092,915		1,965,471
Restricted		2		-		-			
Committed		-		- 2		30	<u> </u>		_
Assigned		-				176,572	240,674		301,575
Unassigned		-				12,734,288	12,336,577		11,629,691
Total General Fund	\$	13,846,246	\$	13,766,419	\$	14,997,521	\$ 14,670,166	\$	13,896,737
All Other Governmental Funds:									
Reserved	\$	6,601,767	\$		\$	¥(	\$ -	\$	-
Unreserved, reported in:									
Special revenue funds		1,610,752		943,332		2	2		_
Debt service funds		(63,127)		7,571,436		<u>-</u>	2		-
Capital projects funds		2,553,743		1,303,423		2	8		-
Nonspendable		-		-		a a company			
Restricted		-		-		11,909,759	12,067,715		12,751,117
Committed		1/3		-		8 8			-
Assigned						-	-		-
Unassigned		-		-		(1,066,484)	(995,104)		(1,304,344)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	10,703,135	\$	9,818,191	\$	10,843,275	\$ 11,072,611	\$	11,446,773

<sup>\*</sup>As restated

#### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

						Fiscal Year			
		2014*	17	2015		2016	2017		2018
General Fund:	-				_				
Reserved	\$		\$	(2)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 2	\$	4
Unreserved				9			-	1/2/	-
Nonspendable		1,880,376		1,660,587		1,531,938	1,408,352		1,274,852
Restricted		1,734		2,300		4,244			s=.
Committed		•				•	5,580,000		5,580,000
Assigned		880,605		915,025		1,040,122	1,109,468		1,220,544
Unassigned		13,539,816		14,570,723		15,528,725	4,970,216		5,845,399
Total General Fund	\$	16,302,531	\$	17,148,635	\$	18,105,029	\$ 13,068,036	\$	13,920,795
All Other Governmental Funds:									
Reserved	\$	*	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4	\$	2
Unreserved, reported in:									
Special revenue funds		-		2		12	_		2
Debt service funds		121		2		2	2		14
Capital projects funds		123		2		-	= 1 ₩.		1,812,753
Nonspendable		<del>-</del>				<u> </u>	2		
Restricted		13,365,027		16,204,258		16,401,530	16,835,327		15,313,039
Committed		-		3 A (#)			8 10 1		891,397
Assigned		-		-		-	-		-
Unassigned		(1,002,600)		(1,000,195)		(995,104)	(995,104)		(995, 104)
Total All Other Governmental Fund	\$ st	12,362,427	\$	15,204,063	\$	15,406,426	\$ 15,840,223	\$	17,022,085

<sup>\*</sup>As restated

#### Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

# (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	9355				Fis	scal Year				
₩		2009	-	2010	<u> </u>	2011		2012*	(8)	2013
Revenues:	(82)0						148	B MARKET REST	6	50 NEWSTREE S
Taxes	\$	8,513,904	\$	8,394,299	\$	8,617,725	\$	8,917,692	\$	9,409,326
Assessments		3,907,178		3,980,660		3,998,046		3,615,874		3,542,856
Fines,forfeitures and penalties		318,331		338,464		215,166		192,844		217,886
From other agencies		2,401,574		3,449,620		3,510,964		2,589,411		3,413,166
Charges for services		1,931,346		2,138,952		2,538,972		2,468,283		2,500,380
Use of money and property		1,217,381		745,945		585,214		638,100		138,042
Other		102,141	and the	29,401		67,930	8	46,639	0	74,689
Total Revenues		18,391,855	-	19,077,341		19,534,017		18,468,843		19,296,345
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government		4,461,723		4,204,602		4,350,230		4,284,650		4,963,199
Public safety		2,769,997		2,687,284		2,741,144		2,742,367		2,925,247
Community development		684,497		552,302		559,782		689,057		617,924
Public works		6,027,041		5,988,005		4,441,350		4,548,065		4,126,559
Capital outlay		3,711,108		3,541,243		2,121,309		3,243,691		4,008,934
Debt service:				STANDARD STANDARD STANDARDS		90111 ( 1900-190 )				
Principal retirement		5,993,265		2,165,865		2,167,978		2,208,855		2,250,687
Interest and fiscal charges		999,047		902,811		896,038		850,177		803,012
Total Expenditures		24,646,678		20,042,112		17,277,831		18,566,862		19,695,562
Excess (Deficiency) of										
Revenues Over (Under)										
Expenditures	_	(6,254,823)	_	(964,771)		2,256,186		(98,019)		(399,217)
Other financing sources (uses):										1,
Proceeds from loan		2,873,602								
Issuance of debt		2,070,002				5				3. <del>5</del>
Transfers in		7,894,106		6.704.983		5,608,379		6,104,229		5,230,113
Transfers out		(7,894,106)		(6,704,983)		(5,608,379)		(6,104,229)		
Proceeds from long-term note		(7,004,100)		(0,704,903)		(5,000,575)		(0,104,229)		(5,230,113)
Total Other Financing	, <del></del>				ŧ.		-		9	
Sources (Uses)		2,873,602		1 (2)		23				
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(3,381,221)	\$	(964,771)	\$	2,256,186	\$	(98,019)	\$	(399,217)
Debt service as a percentage of		A 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10					DOX: 1		-	
noncapital expenditures		33.4%		18.6%		20.2%		20.0%		19.5%
Anna Christi acile actuation and		00.770		10.070		20.270		20.0%		19.5%

<sup>\*</sup>As restated

#### Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

						Fiscal Year				
		2014*	7	2015		2016	2	2017		2018
Revenues:	220	12 510 1800	92239	60 00 00000000000000000000000000000000	789				592	
Taxes	\$	9,988,959	\$	10,493,566	\$	10,879,338	\$	11,170,104	\$	11,578,263
Assessments		3,599,761		3,624,741		3,604,045		3,570,647		3,571,619
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		284,375		276,650		191,742		120,315		158,194
From other agencies		4,909,647		4,566,257		2,245,419		2,720,993		2,347,796
Charges for services		2,914,147		3,109,570		3,248,307		3,283,333		3,629,255
Use of money and property		380,624		325,730		623,850		152,465		298,920
Other		157,973		204,712		224,483		68,585		354,556
Total Revenues		22,235,486		22,601,226		21,017,184		21,086,442		21,938,603
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government		2,124,153		4,505,532		4,970,335		5,689,992		5,348,823
Public safety		3,050,327		3.121.322		3,232,839		3,413,505		3,442,315
Community development		2,465,201		724,584		702,561		730,678		794,315
Public works		4,107,535		4,021,412		3,931,211		4,051,433		4,251,082
Capital outlay		4,118,831		3,498,753		3,987,586		14,355,673		3,046,570
Debt service:				-,,		0,001,000		14,000,070		3,040,370
Principal retirement		2,293,497		2,337,305		2,382,139		2,428,019		2,474,972
Interest and fiscal charges		754,494		704,578		653,210		600,338		545,905
Total Expenditures		18,914,038	×==	18,913,486		19,859,881		31,269,638		19,903,982
Excess (Deficiency) of										
Revenues Over (Under)										
Expenditures		3,321,448	120	3,687,740	-	1,157,303	· ·	(10,183,196)	10000	2,034,621
Other financing sources (uses):									8	
Proceeds from loan		1160								
Issuance of debt		15		1.5		17.		- 5		-
Transfers in		5,126,058		- 677 000						an and an Éart
Transfers out				6,677,868		6,117,742		10,662,629		6,582,662
Proceeds from long-term note		(5,126,058)		(6,677,868)		(6,117,742)		(10,662,629)		(6,582,662)
(2.1 x 5 x 3 1) 전 : (1 1) 1 (			_		_		-	5,580,000	_	
Total Other Financing								TEACHER SET VALORYON		
Sources (Uses)	•	2 201 440	<u>_</u>	0.007.740	_		_	5,580,000	_	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	3,321,448	\$	3,687,740	\$	1,157,303	\$	(4,603,196)	\$	2,034,621
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures		20.6%		19.7%		19.1%		17.9%		17.9%

<sup>\*</sup>As restated

# CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

2		City		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Secured	Unsecured	Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Rate
2009	\$5,284,600,979	\$31,850,140	\$5,316,451,119	0.06687
2010	\$5,447,575,235	\$32,880,486	\$5,480,455,721	0.07936
2011	\$5,434,019,882	\$32,324,640	\$5,466,344,522	0.06688
2012	\$5,605,686,121	\$35,940,867	\$5,641,626,988	0.06689
2013	\$5,828,710,840	\$37,005,753	\$5,865,716,593	0.06689
2014	\$6,092,337,982	\$36,564,674	\$6,128,902,656	0.06690
2015	\$6,414,320,719	\$36,486,841	\$6,450,807,560	0.06690
2016	\$6,776,711,070	\$39,013,224	\$6,815,724,294	0.06691
2017	\$7,165,642,080	\$37,031,646	\$7,202,673,726	0.06692
2018	\$7,559,284,412	\$36,089,074	\$7,595,373,486	0.06693

#### NOTE:

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only re-assessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

#### CITY OF LA CANADA FLINTRIDGE Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (Rate per \$100 of assessed value) Last Ten Fiscal Years

8	_	2009	_	2010	_	2011	_	2012	_	2013	_	2014		2015		2016	_	2017		2018
City Direct Rates:	\$	1.0000	\$	1.0000	\$	1.0000	\$	1.0000	\$	1.0000	\$	1.0000	\$	1.0000	\$	1.0000	s	1.0000	\$	1.0000
Overlapping Rates:																			1977	12/0/2007/00/00
Glendale Unified		0.0456		0.0460		0.0354		0.0455		0.0440		0.0392		0.0597		0.0506		0.0570		0.0529
Glendale Community College		0.0212		0.0237		0.0234		0.0245		0.0247		0.0234		0.0222		0.0212		0.0212		0.0349
Pasadena Unified		0.0638		0.1084		0.1020		0.1112		0.1140		0.1035		0.1060		0.1117		0.1067		0.1055
Pasadena Community College		0.0174		0.0230		0.0199		0.0196		0.0183		0.0190		0.0103		0.0087		0.0089		125 (S) (S) (T) (T) (S) (S)
La Cañada Unified		0.0647		0.0704		0.0733		0.0709		0.0697		0.0672						(T) (1) (T) (T) (T)		0.0082
Metropolitan Water District		0.0043		0.0043		0.0037		0.0037		3777-777-775-771				0.0648		0.0617		0.0611		0.0591
The Political Plants	_	0.0040	_	0.0043	_	0.0037	_	0.0037	_	0.0035	-	0.0035	_	0.0035		0.0035	_	0.0035	_	0.0035
Total Direct & Overlapping Tax Rate	\$	1.2170	\$	1.2758	\$	1.2577	\$	1.2754	\$	1.2742	\$	1.2558	\$	1.2665	\$	1.2575	\$	1.2583	\$	1.2640
City's Share of 1% Levy Per Prop 13		0.06705		0.06705		0.06705		0.06705		0.06705		0.06705		0.06705	====	0.06705	5000	0.06703		0.06703
Total Direct Rate		0.06687		0.07936		0.06688		0.06689		0.06689		0.06690		0.06690		0.06691		0.06692		0.06693

NOTES: In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any voter approved bonds.

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all city property owners.

City's Share of 1% Levy is based on the City's share of the general fund tax rate area with the largest net taxable value within the city.

Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the City.

### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

_	201	8	2009			
Taxpayer	Assessed Value	Percent of Total Assessed Value	Assessed Value	Percent of Total Assessed Value		
La Cañada Retail LLC			\$			
ROIC California LLC	32,541,119	0.43%				
Saint Francis High School			24,210,607	0.46%		
Valley Water Company	AT ANY TAKEN WORLD TO SEE		12,570,661	0.24%		
B K La Cañada Property LLC	17,662,500					
Vincent Dundee III Company Trust	11,657,226					
Seung Choon Lim Company Trust	11,562,039					
University of Southern California	11,322,946	0.15%				
Ban Oan Limited	10,064,060					
La Canada Holdings	9,848,572	0.13%				
GTR Realty LLC	9,714,362	0.13%				
Caltech Employees Federal Credit Uni	9,297,317	0.12%				
Frankel Family Trust			10,946,119	0.21%		
Vons Companies The			10,709,219	0.20%		
Dundee Family Trust			10,299,959	0.19%		
Gordon & Dona Crawford Trust			8,706,381	0.16%		
Seung & Hye Lim Trust			8,445,599	0.16%		
Dollinger La Cañada Associates			7,877,244	0.15%		
Bradford Cornell & Mary D.Serles			7,490,880	0.14%		
Dewitt K. McCluggage Co. Trust	****		7,133,822	0.13%		
Total <u>\$</u>	167,393,491	2.21%	\$ 108,390,491	2.04%		

NOTE: The amounts shown above include assessed value data for the City only

#### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Taxes Levied		Collected v Fiscal Yea	Control of the Contro	Collections in	Total Collections to Date		
Year Ended June 30	for the Fiscal Year	Perc Amount of L		Subsequent Years	Amount	Percent of Levy	
2009	\$3,819,570	\$3,450,805	90.35%	\$172,325	\$3,623,130	94.86%	
2010	\$3,901,295	\$3,543,777	90.84%	\$177,900	\$3,721,677	95.40%	
2011	\$3,857,590	\$3,547,138	91.95%	\$170,165	\$3,717,303	96.36%	
2012	\$4,065,825	\$3,538,118	87.02%	\$277,522	\$3,815,640	93.85%	
2013	\$4,015,699	\$3,896,529	97.03%	\$95,622	\$3,992,151	99.41%	
2014	\$4,204,925	\$4,093,050	97.34%	\$91,345	\$4,184,395	99.51%	
2015	\$4,466,959	\$4,334,164	97.03%	\$95,187	\$4,429,351	99.16%	
2016	\$4,742,086	\$4,567,142	96.31%	\$94,692	\$4,661,834	98.31%	
2017	\$5,031,630	\$4,756,351	94.53%	\$163,802	\$4,920,152	97.78%	
2018	\$5,372,295	\$5,073,918	94.45%	\$197,914	\$5,271,832	98.13%	

NOTE: The amounts presented include City property taxes only. Also, the City does not receive property tax data distinguishing amounts collected that were levied in a previous year.

Source: Los Angeles County Auditor Controller's Office

#### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Certificates of Participation	Revenue Bonds	Loans Payable	Capital Lease Obligation	Total Governmental Activities	Percentage of Personal Income	Debt Per Capita
2009		40	\$42,224,128	2	\$42,224,128	3.33%	\$1,999
2010	5	<b>E</b>	\$40,058,263	-	\$40,058,263	3.20%	\$1,895
2011	4	-	\$37,890,286	2	\$37,890,286	2.51%	\$1,782
2012	35		\$35,681,429	•	\$35,681,429	2.34%	\$1,755
2013	¥	2	\$33,430,743	į	\$33,430,743	2.22%	\$1,635
2014	*	₩.	\$31,137,246	18	\$31,137,246	2.04%	\$1,516
2015	12	+	\$28,799,941	1/2	\$28,799,941	1.84%	\$1,402
2016	н	-	\$26,417,802	(¥	\$26,417,802	1.80%	\$1,285
2017		: 3	\$29,569,783	15	\$29,569,783	2.01%	\$1,443
2018	æ	*	\$27,094,811	<b>%</b>	\$27,094,811	1.77%	\$1,310

NOTE:

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

#### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2018

City Assessed Valuation		\$	7,595,373,486		Estimated
			Gross		Share of
	Percentage		Outstanding		Overlapping
	Applicable		Debt 6/30/18		Debt <sup>1</sup>
Foothill MWD 1113 DS	0.663%	\$	29,354,442	\$	194,536
Glendale CCD DS 2002 Series C	1.837%		6,514,260	570	119,638
Glendale CCD DS 2002, 2011 Series E	1.837%		3,735,000		68,595
Glendale CCD DS 2002, 2013 Series F	1.837%		13,995,000		257,026
Glendale CCD DS 2014 Refunding Bonds	1.837%		24,715,000		453,905
Glendale CCD DS 2016 Series A	1.837%		122,000,000		2,240,600
Pasadena CCD DS 2002, 2006 Series D	8.283%		3,595,000		297,778
Pasadena CCD DS 2002, 2009 Series E (BABS)	8.283%		25,295,000		2,095,217
Pasadena CCD DS 2014 Refunding Series A	8.283%		15,325,000		1,269,389
Pasadena CCD DS 2016 Refunding Series A	8.283%		32,900,000		2,725,149
Glendale USD DS 2009 Ref Bonds	1.837%		7,420,000		136,273
Glendale USD DS 2010 Ref Bonds	1.837%		18,735,000		344,079
Glendale USD DS 2010 Ref Bonds Series B	1.837%		15,595,000		286,411
Glendale USD DS 2011 Series A Bonds	1.837%		22,615,000		415,337
Glendale USD DS 2011 Refunding Bonds	1.837%		2,413,601		44,327
Glendale USD DS 2011 SR A 1 CREB	1.837%		4,300,000		78,972
Glendale USD DS 2012 Ref Bonds	1.837%		61,595,000		1,131,227
Glendale USD DS 2015 Refunding Bonds Series A	1.837%		101,850,563		1,870,544
Glendale USD DS 2011 Series C	1.837%		64,635,000		1,187,059
La Cañada Unified SD 1995 SD	97.177%		1,433,342		1,392,881
La Cañada Unified SD DS 1999 Series A	97.177%		1,670,000		1,622,858
La Cañada USD DS 2004 Series B	97.177%		325,000		315,826
La Cañada USD DS 2004 Series C	97.177%		100,000		97,177
La Cañada USD DS 2011 Refund Bond	97.177%	_	47,030,000	_	45,702,412
Total overlapping debt		\$	627,146,208	\$	64,347,217
City direct debt			27,417,936		27,417,936
Total direct and overlapping debt		\$	654,564,144	\$	91,765,153

<sup>1)</sup> Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated by using taxable assessed values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

#### Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	_	2009	_	2010	_	2011	_	2012	_	2013
Assessed valuation	\$	5,316,451,119	\$	5,480,455,721	\$	5,466,344,522	\$	5,641,626,988	\$	5,865,716,593
Debt limit percentage	_	15%		15%	_	15%	_	15%		15%
Debt limit		797,467,668		822,068,358		819,951,678		846,244,048		879,857,489
Total net debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds		**		2		2		12		× 40
Legal debt margin	\$	797,467,668	\$	822,068,358	\$	819,951,678	\$	846,244,048	\$	879,857,489
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%

Sources: City Finance Department Los Angeles County Assessor's Office

#### Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Assessed valuation	\$ 6,128,902,656	\$ 6,450,807,560	\$ 6,815,724,294	\$ 7,202,673,726	\$ 7,595,373,486
Debt limit percentage	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
Debt limit	919,335,398	967,621,134	1,022,358,644	1,080,401,059	1,139,306,023
Total net debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds	-			빌	¥
Legal debt margin	\$ 919,335,398	\$ 967,621,134	\$ 1,022,358,644	\$ 1,080,401,059	\$ 1,139,306,023
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Sources: City Finance Department

Los Angeles County Assessor's Office

#### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

**************************************	Revenue Bonds Series 2004A									
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Assessments Revenue	Debt Se Principal	Coverage							
2009	\$2,328,766	\$3,160,000	\$123,733	0.71						
2010	\$2,277,277	\$0	\$0	27						
2011	\$2,270,065	\$0	\$0							
2012	\$1,895,189	\$0	\$0	2)						
2013	\$1,827,502	\$0	\$0	H						
2014	\$1,857,939	\$0	\$0	2						
2015	\$1,849,036	\$0	\$0							
2016	\$1,863,603	\$0	\$0	71						
2017	\$1,813,478	\$0	\$0	<b>2</b> )						
2018	\$1,814,529	\$0	\$0	51						

#### NOTE:

The City paid off Revenue Bonds Series 2004A in September 2008.

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financia statements.

#### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population	Personal Income (in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate
2008	21,121	\$1,269,322	\$60,098	2.8%
2009	21,139	\$1,252,639	\$59,257	4.5%
2010	21,261	\$1,512,019	\$71,117	4.9%
2011	20,335	\$1,522,278	\$74,860	4.8%
2012	20,441	\$1,505,561	\$73,654	3.5%
2013	20,535	\$1,529,632	\$74,489	2.9%
2014	20,544	\$1,562,227	\$76,043	4.4%
2015	20,556	\$1,469,384	\$71,482	3.5%
2016	20,497	\$1,473,705	\$71,898	2.7%
2017	20,683	\$1,530,931	\$74,018	2.0%

#### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Principal Employers (1) Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2	018	2009			
Employer	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment		
Ralph's Grocery Co.	100	2.89%	89	3.11%		
Ross Dress for Less Inc	100	2.89%	76	2.65%		
Sprouts Farmers Market	88	2.54%				
La Cañada Flintridge Country Club	86	2.48%	69	2.41%		
Dilbeck Real Estate	86	2.48%	94	3.28%		
Allen Lund Company LLC	83	2.39%	56			
Trader Joe's	78	2.25%	76	2.65%		
T J Maxx	77	2.22%	63	2.20%		
Gelson's Market	73	2.11%				
Los Gringos Locos LLC	56	1.62%				
Hill Street Café	49	1.41%				
McDonald's La Canada	48	1.38%	49	1.71%		
Panera Bread	47	1.36%				
Sport Chalet Inc			235	8.21%		
Dickson Podley Realtors			73	2.55%		
United Artists Theater D B A UA			60	2.09%		
Von's			46	1.61%		
Total Employees	3,466		2,864			

#### (1) Private sector employers only

Only readily available data presented

Source: City of La Cañada Flintridge Business License Division

<sup>&</sup>quot;Total Employment" as used above represents the total employment of all private employers located within City limits.

#### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Full-time and Part-time City Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

-	Full-Time and Part-time Employees as of June 30											
<u>Function</u>	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018		
General government	25	24	24	23	25	24	24	27	27	26		
Public safety	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1		
Community development	7	9	9	9	8	9	8	7	8	9		
Public works	10	8	9	9	9	9	9	8	7	9		
Total	43	42	43	42	43	43	42	43	42	45		

Source: City of La Cañada Flintridge

#### Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal	Year				
2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
375	279	248	228	276	387	292	344	156	193
1,898	1,138	1,143	1,262	1,235	451	1,159	602	445	596
1,185	1,227	1,206	1,172	1.237	1.211	1.396	2.115	1 495	1,477
1,457	1,456	1,661	1,353	963	226	254	361	321	1,566
3.02	6.27	1.50	5.36	2.60	2.67	2.73	2.81	3.13	1.98
13	13	14	14	14	15	15	15	15	15
	375 1,898 1,185 1,457 3.02	375 279 1,898 1,138 1,185 1,227 1,457 1,456 3.02 6.27	375 279 248 1,898 1,138 1,143 1,185 1,227 1,206 1,457 1,456 1,661 3.02 6.27 1.50	375 279 248 228 1,898 1,138 1,143 1,262 1,185 1,227 1,206 1,172 1,457 1,456 1,661 1,353 3.02 6.27 1.50 5.36	2009         2010         2011         2012         2013           375         279         248         228         276           1,898         1,138         1,143         1,262         1,235           1,185         1,227         1,206         1,172         1,237           1,457         1,456         1,661         1,353         963           3.02         6.27         1.50         5.36         2.60	375 279 248 228 276 387 1,898 1,138 1,143 1,262 1,235 451 1,185 1,227 1,206 1,172 1,237 1,211 1,457 1,456 1,661 1,353 963 226 3.02 6.27 1.50 5.36 2.60 2.67	2009         2010         2011         2012         2013         2014         2015           375         279         248         228         276         387         292           1,898         1,138         1,143         1,262         1,235         451         1,159           1,185         1,227         1,206         1,172         1,237         1,211         1,396           1,457         1,456         1,661         1,353         963         226         254           3.02         6.27         1.50         5.36         2.60         2.67         2.73	2009         2010         2011         2012         2013         2014         2015         2016           375         279         248         228         276         387         292         344           1,898         1,138         1,143         1,262         1,235         451         1,159         602           1,185         1,227         1,206         1,172         1,237         1,211         1,396         2,115           1,457         1,456         1,661         1,353         963         226         254         361           3.02         6.27         1.50         5.36         2.60         2.67         2.73         2.81	2009         2010         2011         2012         2013         2014         2015         2016         2017           375         279         248         228         276         387         292         344         156           1,898         1,138         1,143         1,262         1,235         451         1,159         602         445           1,185         1,227         1,206         1,172         1,237         1,211         1,396         2,115         1,495           1,457         1,456         1,661         1,353         963         226         254         361         321           3.02         6.27         1.50         5.36         2.60         2.67         2.73         2.81         3.13

Only readily available data presented

Source: City of La Cañada Flintridge

#### CITY OF LA CAÑADA FLINTRIDGE Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fisca	l Year				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Police:										
Stations (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fire:										
Fire stations (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Public works:										
Streets (miles)	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111
Streetlights	70	70	81	82	84	84	84	84	84	84
Traffic signals	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Parks and recreation:										
Parks	4	4	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

<sup>(1)</sup> The City contracts for both fire and police services, and thus does not own any fire or police stations
Only readily available data presented

Source: City of La Cañada Flintridge



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